



Justsystem-Clairvoyance CLIR Experiments

***NTCIR-4 Workshop
Tokyo, Japan***

**Yan Qu, Gregory Grefenstette, David A. Hull, David A. Evans,
Toshiya Ueda, Tatsuo Kato, Daisuke Noda, Motoko Ishikawa,
Setsuko Nara, Kousaku Arita**

**Clairvoyance Corporation, USA
Justsystem Corporation, Japan
June 2, 2004**



Overview of Participation

- **Clairvoyance (USA) and Justsystem (Japan) collaboration**
- **Single Language IR (SLIR)**
 - Japanese–Japanese
 - Chinese–Chinese
 - English–English
- **Bilingual CLIR (BLIR)**
 - Japanese–English
 - Chinese–English
- **Goal of participation:**
 - Evaluating performance and robustness of commercial-grade CLIR systems for English, Japanese, and Chinese

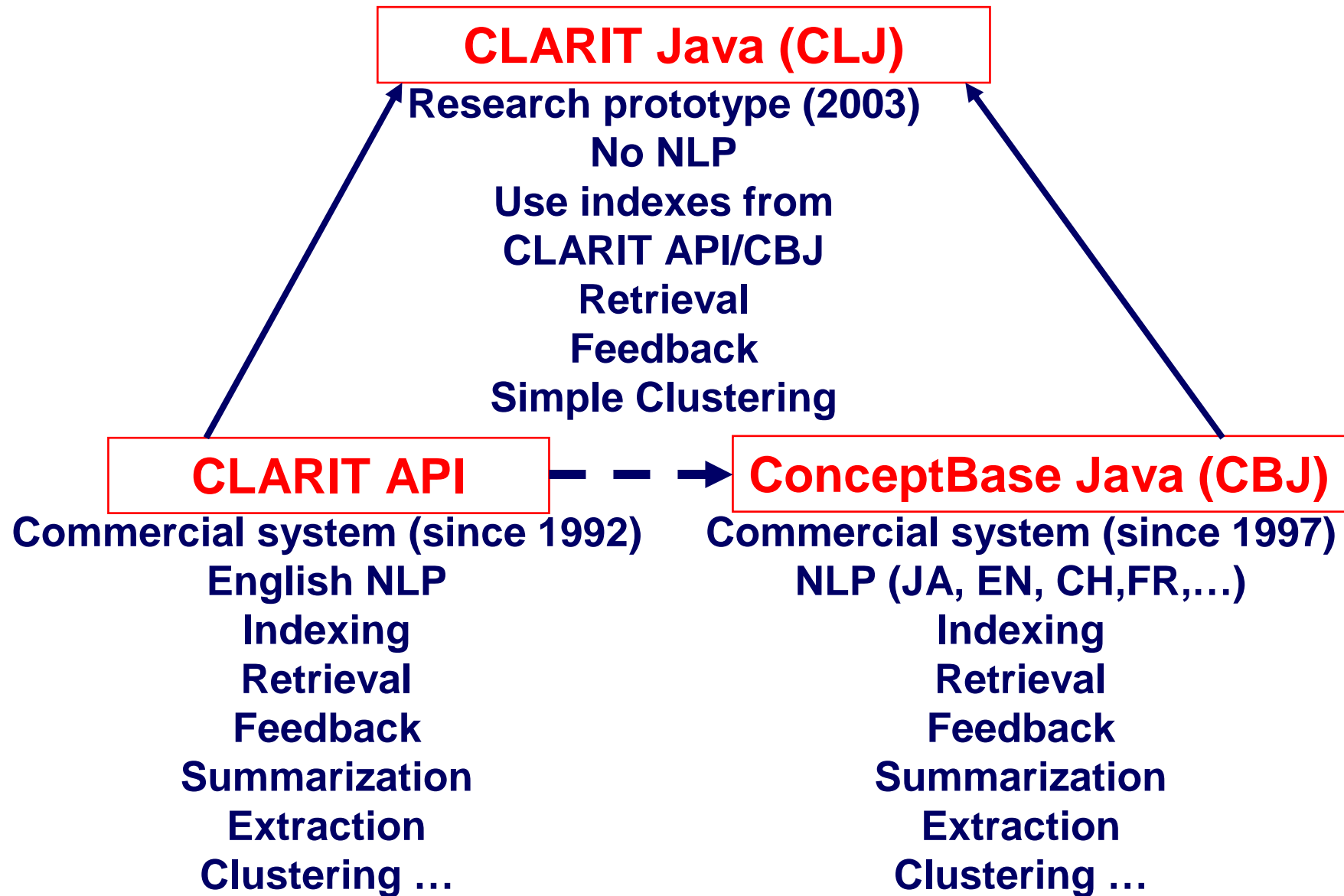


System Description

- **System framework**
 - Clairvoyance IM APIs (CLARIT)
 - Justsystem ConceptBase Java (CBJ)
- **Functionalities**
 - Natural language processing
 - Ad hoc retrieval
 - Feedback
 - Visualization
 - Cross-language IR
 - Etc.

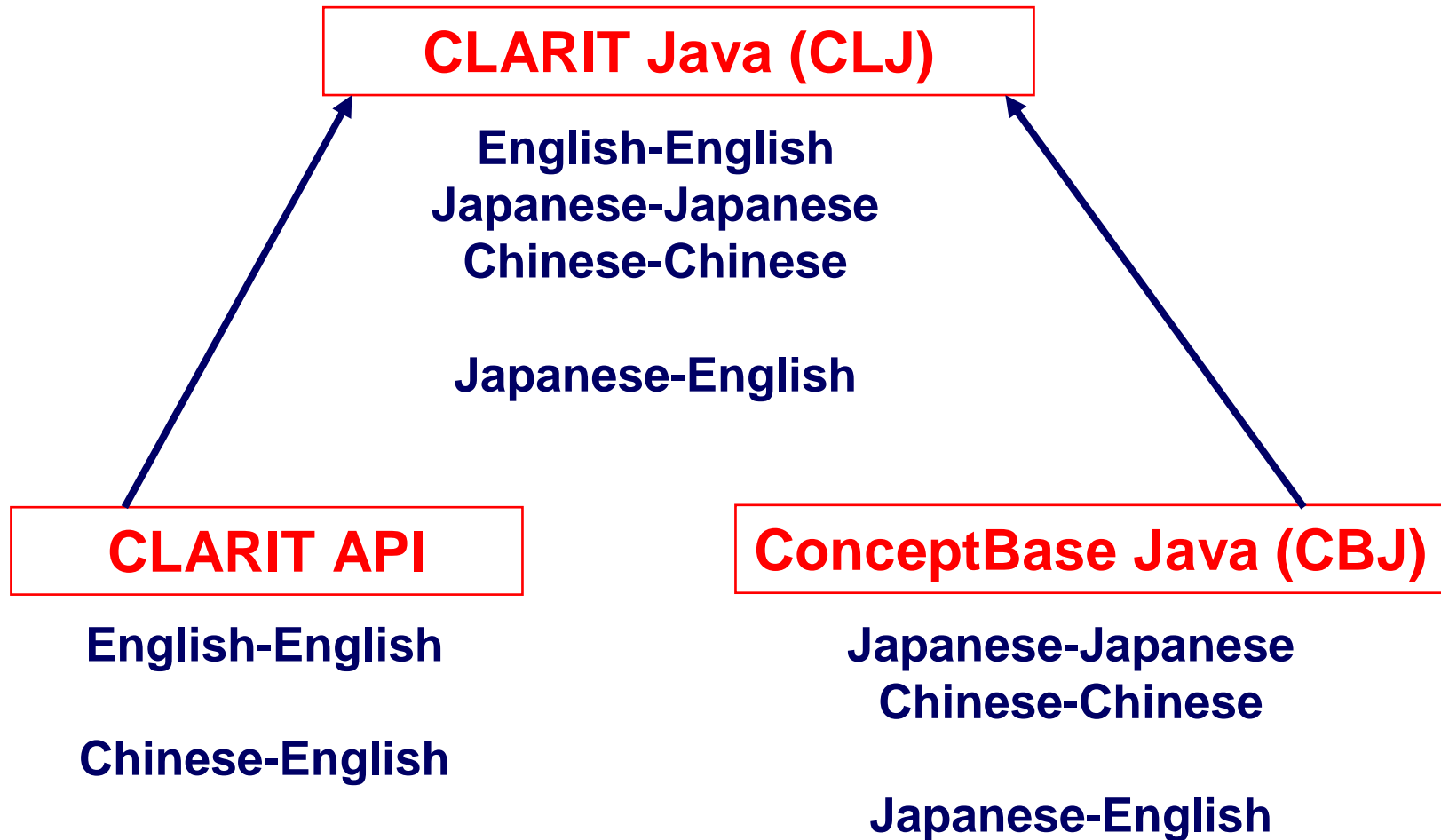


Systems



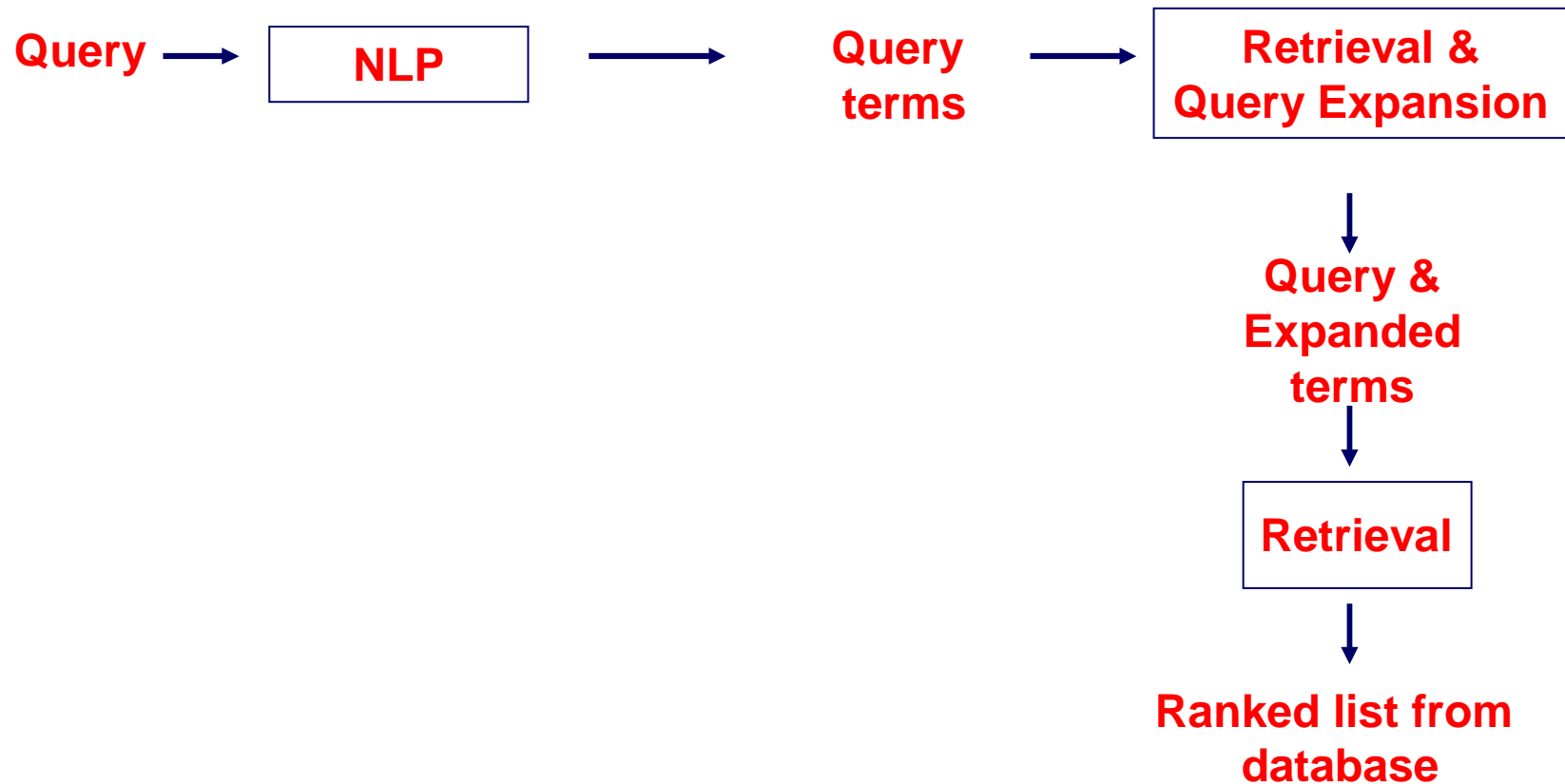


Submission Distributions



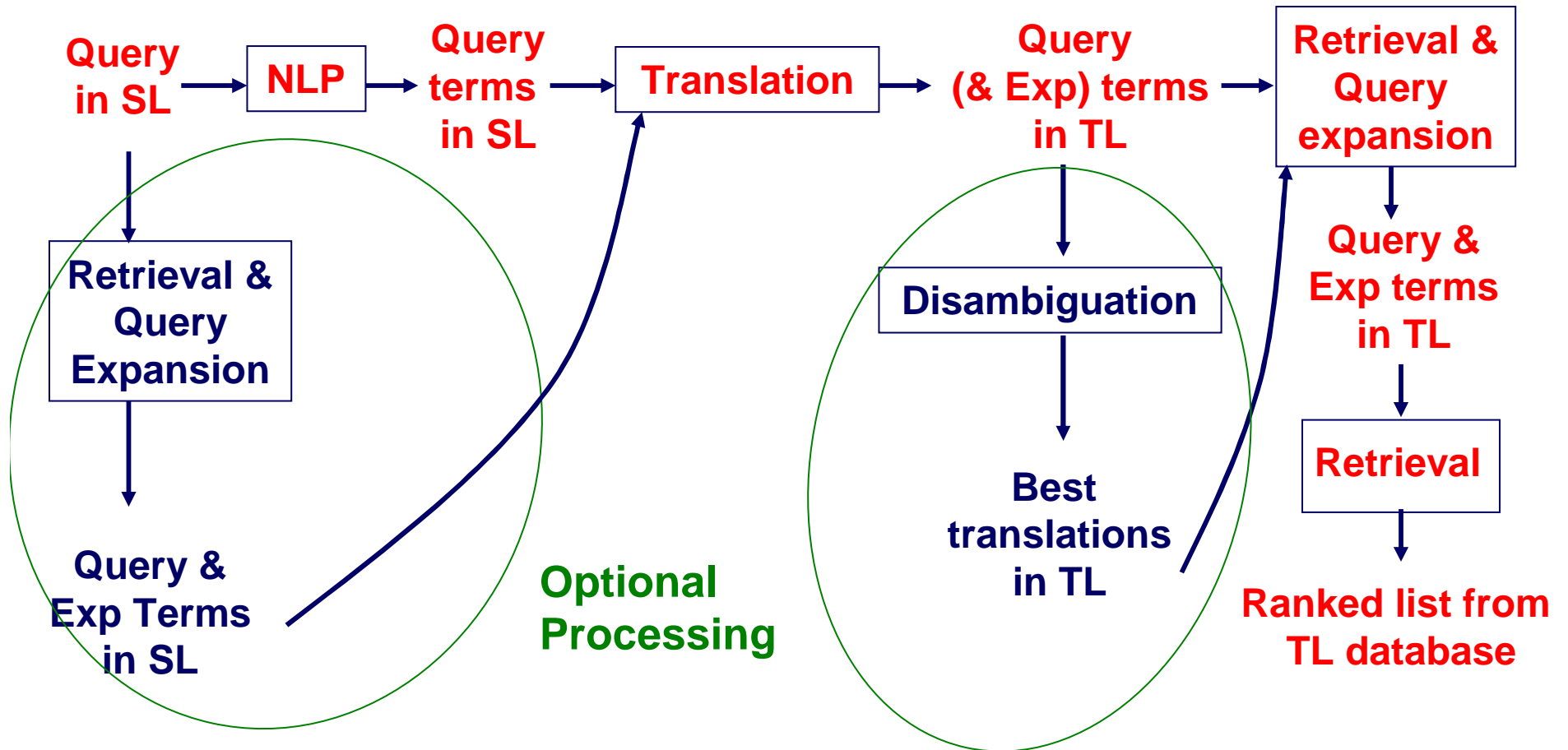


Single-Language IR (SLIR)





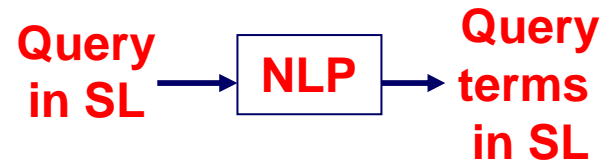
Bilingual CLIR (BLIR)



SL: source language TL: target language



Bilingual CLIR (BLIR)



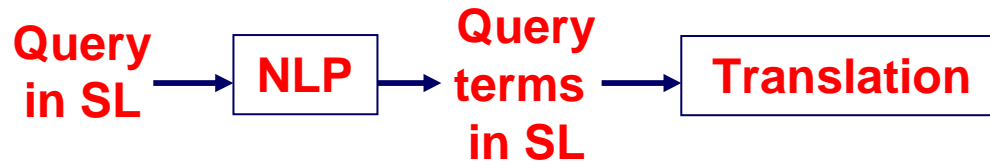
Word segmentation for Chinese/Japanese

- Statistical part of speech tagging
- NLP for phrase identification

SL: source language TL: target language



Bilingual CLIR (BLIR)



Missing translation

- Proper name translation (transliteration)
- Multi-word terms
- General unknown terms

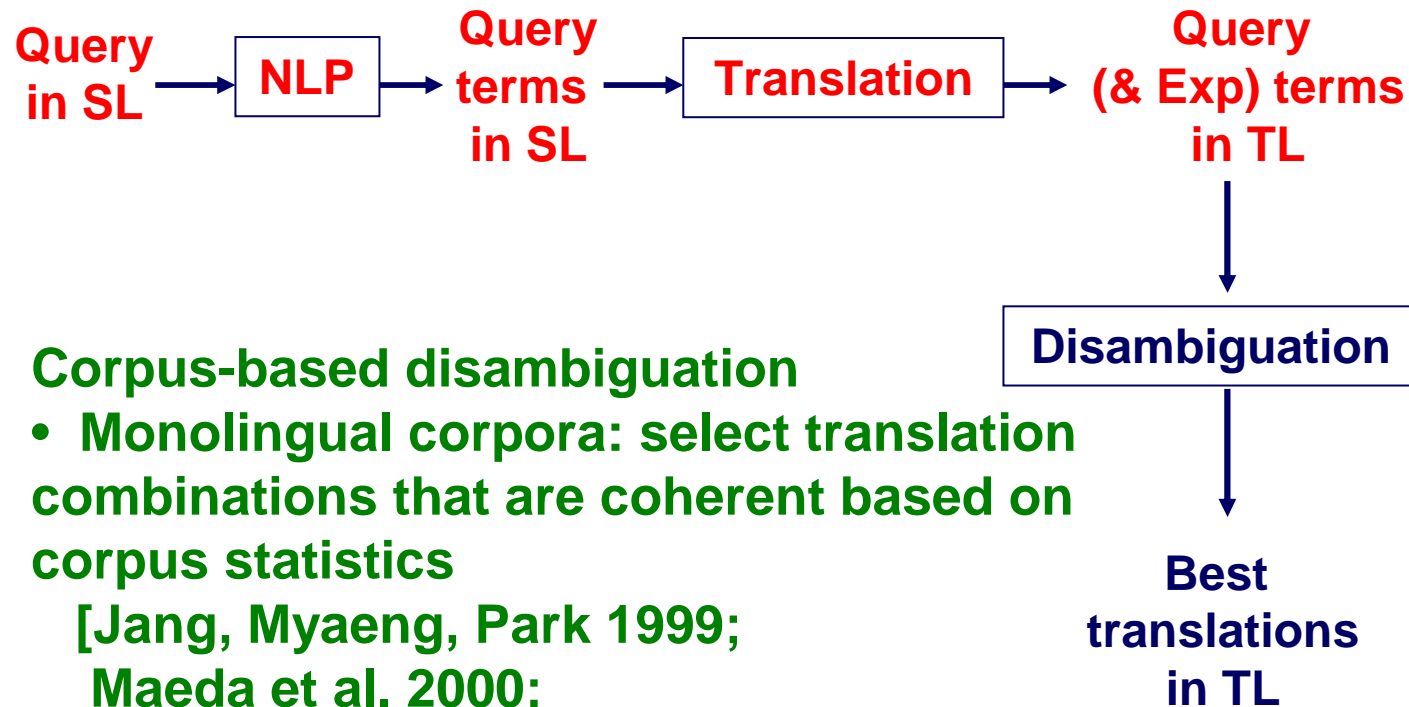
Methods

- Automatic name transliteration
[Fujii & Ishikawa 2001; Qu, Grefenstette, Evans 2003]
- Corpus-based mining of translations
pre-translation feedback [Ballesteros & Croft 1996]
context vectors [Fung & Yee 1997]
- Translation of multi-word terms [Grefenstette 1999]

SL: source language TL: target language



Bilingual CLIR (BLIR)



Corpus-based disambiguation

- Monolingual corpora: select translation combinations that are coherent based on corpus statistics

[Jang, Myaeng, Park 1999;

Maeda et al. 2000;

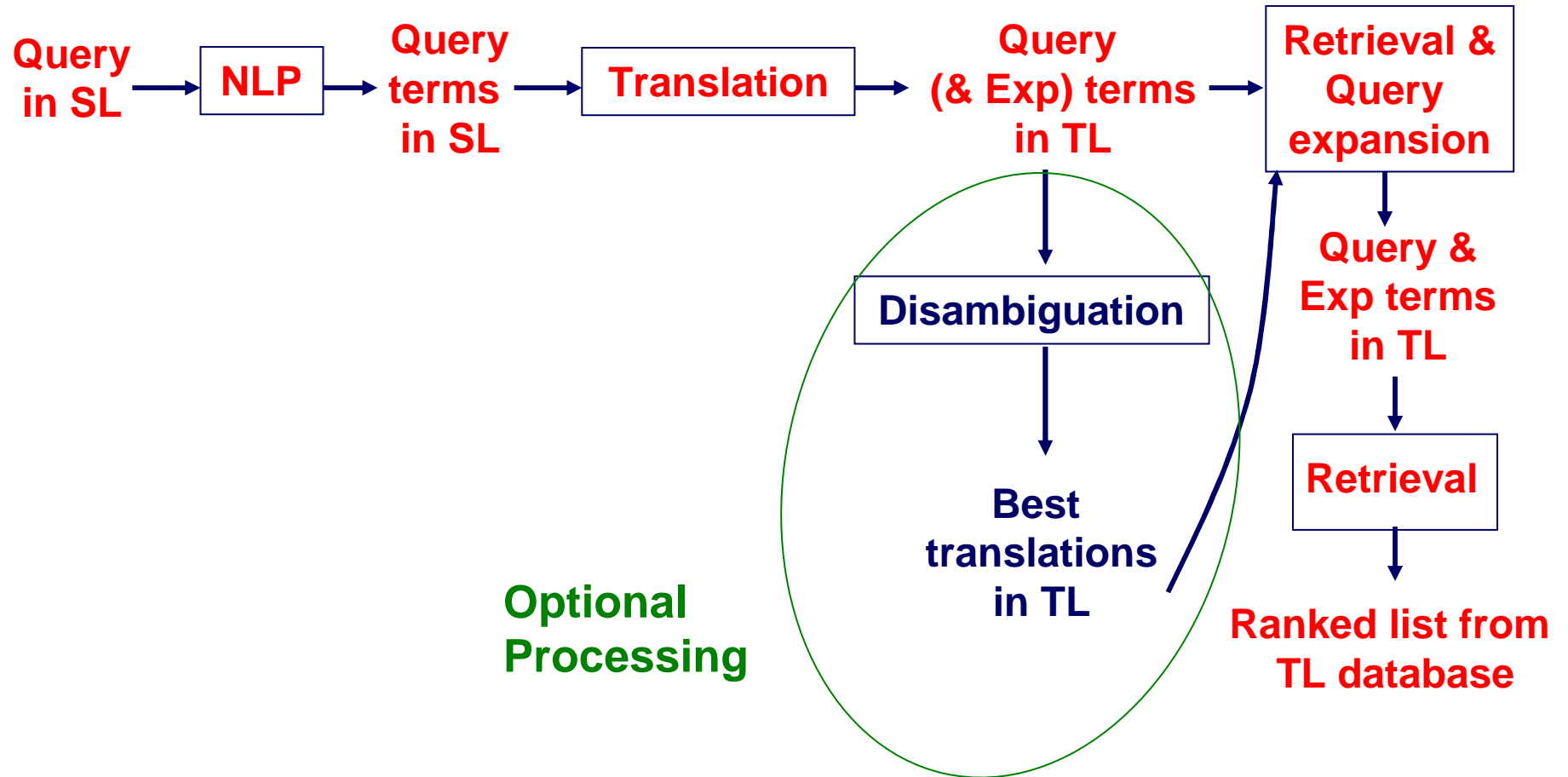
Qu, Grefenstette, Evans 2002]

- Parallel corpora: select translations found in aligned pairs

SL: source language TL: target language



Bilingual CLIR (BLIR)



SL: source language TL: target language



Indexing and Retrieval

- Indexes based on sub-documents
- Vector space model

$$\text{sim}(Q, D) = \sum_{t \in Q \cap D} W_Q(t) \cdot W_D(t).$$

“importance coefficient”
for phrase down-weighting

term frequency

Inverse document frequency

$$W_Q(t) = C(t) \cdot TF_Q(t) \cdot IDF(t)$$

$$W_D(t) = TF_D(t) \cdot IDF(t)$$

term freq smoothing factor

$$W_D(t) = \frac{(k_1 + 1) * TF_D(t)}{k_1 [(1 - b) + b * (d / \Delta d + TF_D(t))]}$$

BM25

doc length smoothing factor

doc length

average doc length



Query Expansion

Rocchio

$$Rocchio(t) = IDF(t) \cdot \frac{\sum_{D \in DocSet} TF_D(t)}{NumDoc}$$

IDF(t) = the inverse document frequency of term *t*

NumDoc = the number of documents in the given set of documents

TF(t) = the term frequency score for term *t* in document *D*



Query Expansion

Prob2

$$Prob2(t) = \log(R_t + 1) \times \left(\log\left(\frac{N - R + 2}{N_t - R_t + 1} - 1\right) - \log\left(\frac{R + 1}{R_t} - 1\right) \right)$$

N = the number of documents in the target corpus

N_t = the number of documents in the corpus that contain term t

R = the number of documents for feedback that are (presumed to be) relevant to the topic

R_t = the number of documents that are (presumed to be) relevant to the topic and contain term t



Query Expansion

Term Weighting

$$Q_{new} = k \times Q_{orig} + Q_{exp}$$

- **Term weight options for Q_{exp}**
 - **Uniform:** $W(t) = 1.0$ for all terms
 - **Normalized:** $W(t) = W_{prob2}(t) / \max W_{prob2}(t)$
 - **Scaled:** $W(t) = W_{prob2}(t) / \sum W_{prob2}(t)$
applies to Q_{exp} and Q_{orig} (using original weights)
- **Parameters in green are tunable**



Example Prob2 Weights

Topic 5: PRC's economic reform (Ntcir-3)

Uniform

Prob2 expansion: ndocs = 10, ntrms = 10

k=1, Q_{orig} query weight = 2.0, Q_{exp} expansion term weight = 1.0

	Orig	Prob2	Unif	Query Merge Strategy
	-----	-----	-----	-----
				K Q_{orig} Q_{exp}
				↓ ↓ ↓
prc	1.0	12.66	3.0	←1*2.0 + 1.0 = 3.0
reform	1.0	9.66	3.0	←1*2.0 + 1.0 = 3.0
economic_reform	1.0	8.94	3.0	←1*2.0 + 1.0 = 3.0
economic	1.0	8.55	3.0	←1*2.0 + 1.0 = 3.0
future_status	0.0	7.98	1.0	←1*0.0 + 1.0 = 1.0
political_reform	0.0	7.50	1.0	←1*0.0 + 1.0 = 1.0
political	0.0	6.70	1.0	←1*0.0 + 1.0 = 1.0
accordance	0.0	5.97	1.0	←1*0.0 + 1.0 = 1.0
strait	0.0	5.14	1.0	←1*0.9 + 1.0 = 1.0
continue	0.0	4.64	1.0	←1*0.0 + 1.0 = 1.0



Example Prob2 Weights

Topic 5: PRC's economic reform (Ntcir-3)

Normalized

Prob2 expansion: ndocs = 10, ntrms = 10

k=0.6, Q_{orig} query weight = 2.0, Q_{exp} expansion term weight = prob2/12.66

Query Merge Strategy

	Orig	Prob2	Scale	K	Q_{orig}	Q_{exp}
	-----			↓	↓	↓
prc	1.0	12.66	3.00	←	1*2.0	+ 1.00 = 3.00
reform	1.0	9.66	2.76	←	1*2.0	+ 0.76 = 2.76
economic_reform	1.0	8.94	2.71	←	1*2.0	+ 0.71 = 2.71
economic	1.0	8.55	2.68	←	1*2.0	+ 0.68 = 2.68
future_status	0.0	7.98	0.63	←	1*0.0	+ 0.63 = 0.63
political_reform	0.0	7.50	0.59	←	1*0.0	+ 0.59 = 0.59
political	0.0	6.70	0.53	←	1*0.0	+ 0.53 = 0.53
accordance	0.0	5.97	0.47	←	1*0.0	+ 0.47 = 0.47
strait	0.0	5.14	0.41	←	1*0.0	+ 0.41 = 0.41
continue	0.0	4.64	0.37	←	1*0.0	+ 0.37 = 0.37



Example Prob2 Weights

Topic 5: PRC's economic reform (Ntcir-3)

Scaled

Prob2 expansion: ndocs = 10, ntrms = 10

k=0.6, Q_{orig} query weight = prob2 / 4

Q_{exp} expansion term weight = prob2 / 77.74

Query Merge Strategy

	Orig	Prob2	Scale	K	Q_{orig}	Q_{exp}
	-----			↓	↓	↓
prc	1.0	12.66	0.31			$\leftarrow 0.6 * 0.25 + 0.16 = 0.31$
reform	1.0	9.66	0.27			$\leftarrow 0.6 * 0.25 + 0.12 = 0.27$
economic_reform	1.0	8.94	0.26			$\leftarrow 0.6 * 0.25 + 0.11 = 0.26$
economic	1.0	8.55	0.26			$\leftarrow 0.6 * 0.25 + 0.11 = 0.26$
future_status	0.0	7.98	0.10			$\leftarrow 0.6 * 0.00 + 0.10 = 0.10$
political_reform	0.0	7.50	0.10			$\leftarrow 0.6 * 0.00 + 0.10 = 0.10$
political	0.0	6.70	0.09			$\leftarrow 0.6 * 0.00 + 0.09 = 0.09$
accordance	0.0	5.97	0.08			$\leftarrow 0.6 * 0.00 + 0.08 = 0.08$
strait	0.0	5.14	0.07			$\leftarrow 0.6 * 0.00 + 0.07 = 0.07$
continue	0.0	4.64	0.06			$\leftarrow 0.6 * 0.00 + 0.06 = 0.06$
	Sum = 4	Sum = 77.74				



Parameter Calibration

- Based on NTCIR-3 topics and data collections
- Stable performance with parameter variation

Parameters	Submission	Range
BM25 (k_1 , b)	0.311	0.306–0.311
Phrase weight (0.0–1.0)	0.389	0.361–0.389
# docs (5–20) # terms (20–40)	0.389	0.361–0.391
Query weight (0.0–1.0)	0.389	0.366–0.389



NTCIR-4 Max-Med-Min Ranges

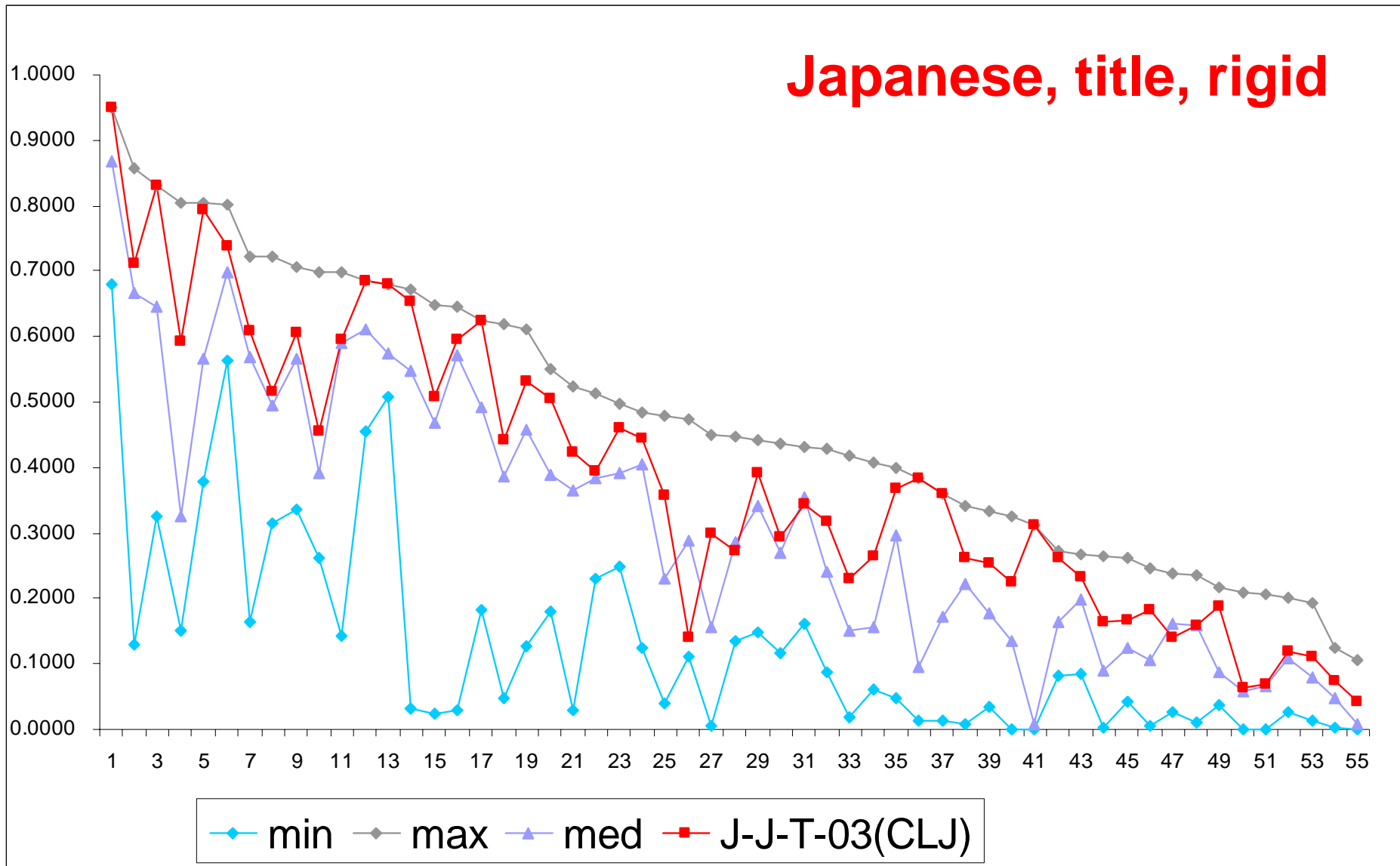
Single-Language IR Results, Rigid, Automatic

subtask	min	max	med	JSC-CC best
E-E-T	0.0802	0.3576	0.3145	0.3412
E-E-D	0.0342	0.3469	0.3026	0.3382
J-J-T	0.1966	0.3890	0.3135	0.3890
J-J-D	0.2130	0.3804	0.3352	0.3747
C-C-T	0.1327	0.3146	0.1881	0.1899
C-C-D	0.1251	0.3255	0.1741	0.1886



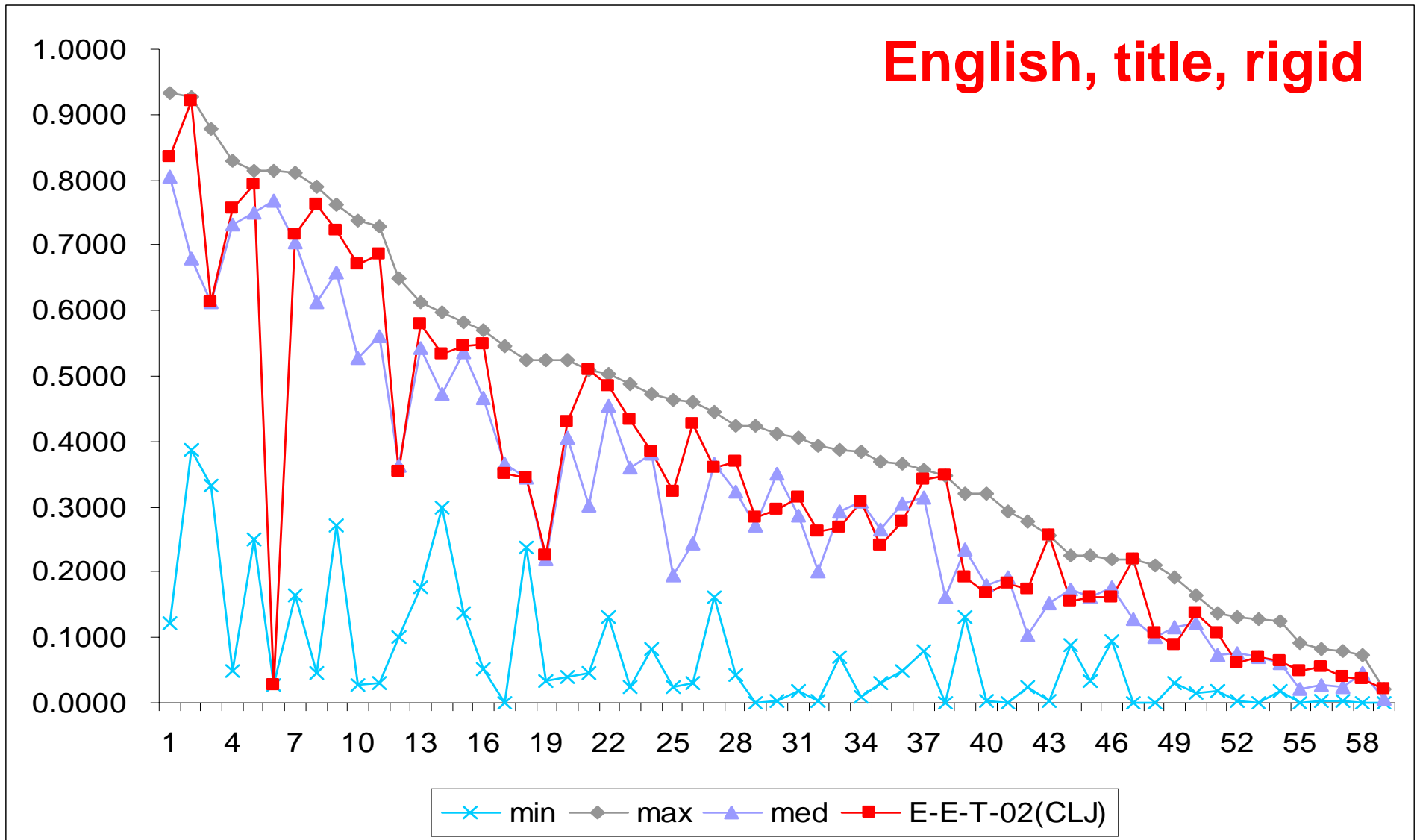
Japanese-Japanese Performance

Japanese, title, rigid



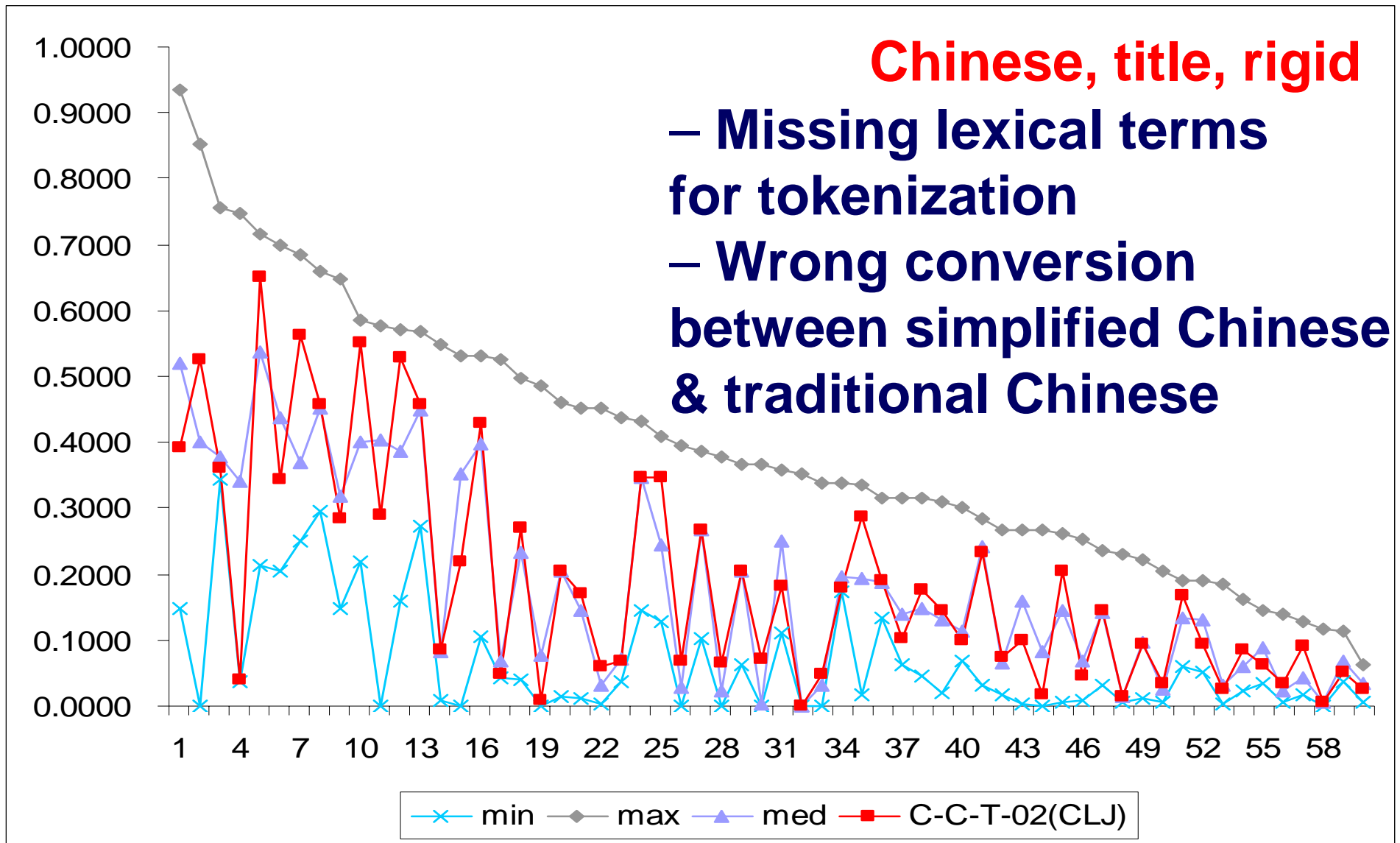


English-English Performance





Chinese-Chinese Performance





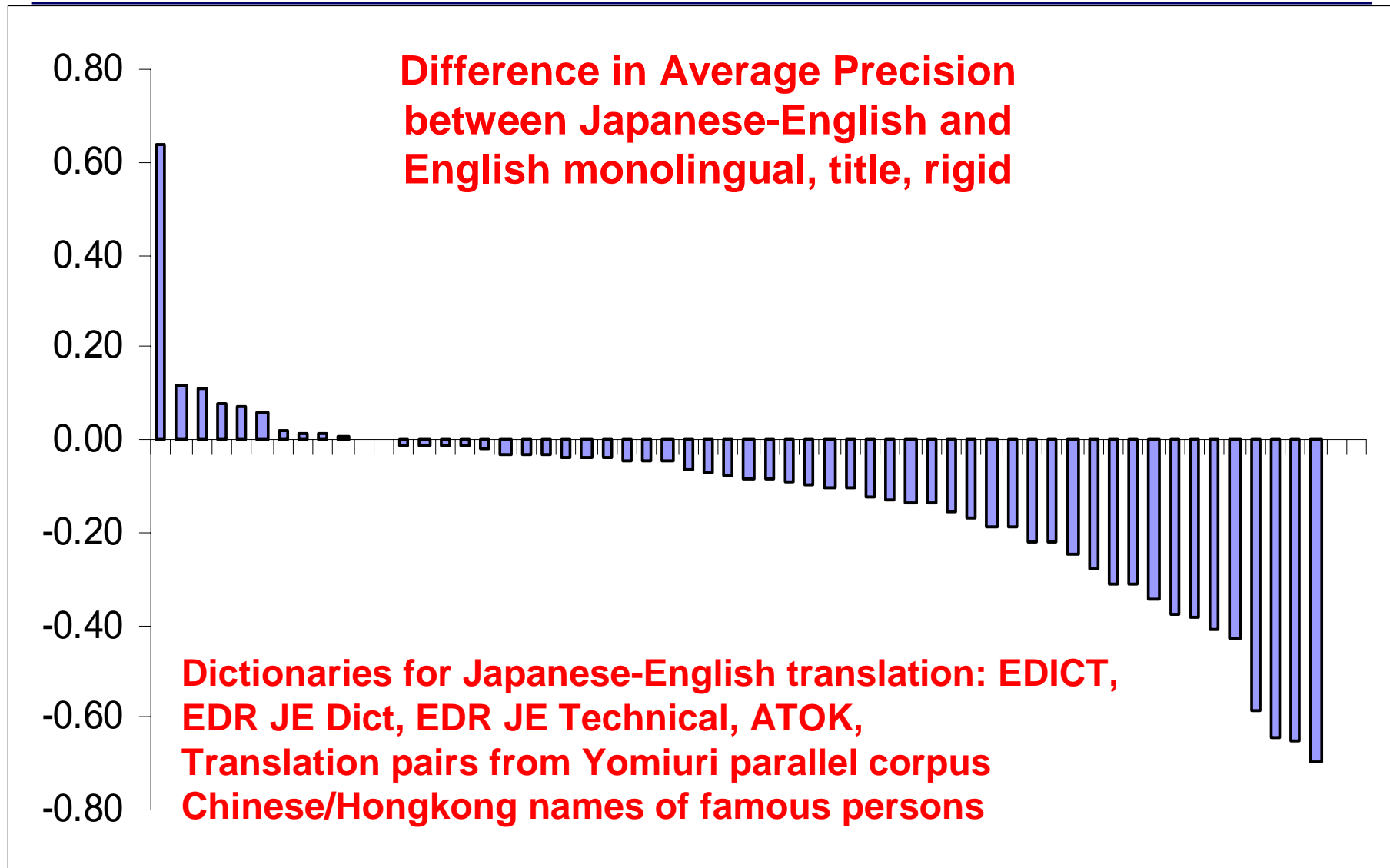
NTCIR-4 Max-Med-Min Ranges

Bilingual CLIR Results, Rigid, Automatic

subtask	min	max	med	JSC-CC best
C-E-T	0.0389	0.2380	0.1860	0.1660
C-E-D	0.0412	0.2238	0.1819	0.1575
J-E-T	0.0189	0.3407	0.2131	0.2131
J-E-D	0.0075	0.3340	0.2427	0.2620



Japanese-English Performance



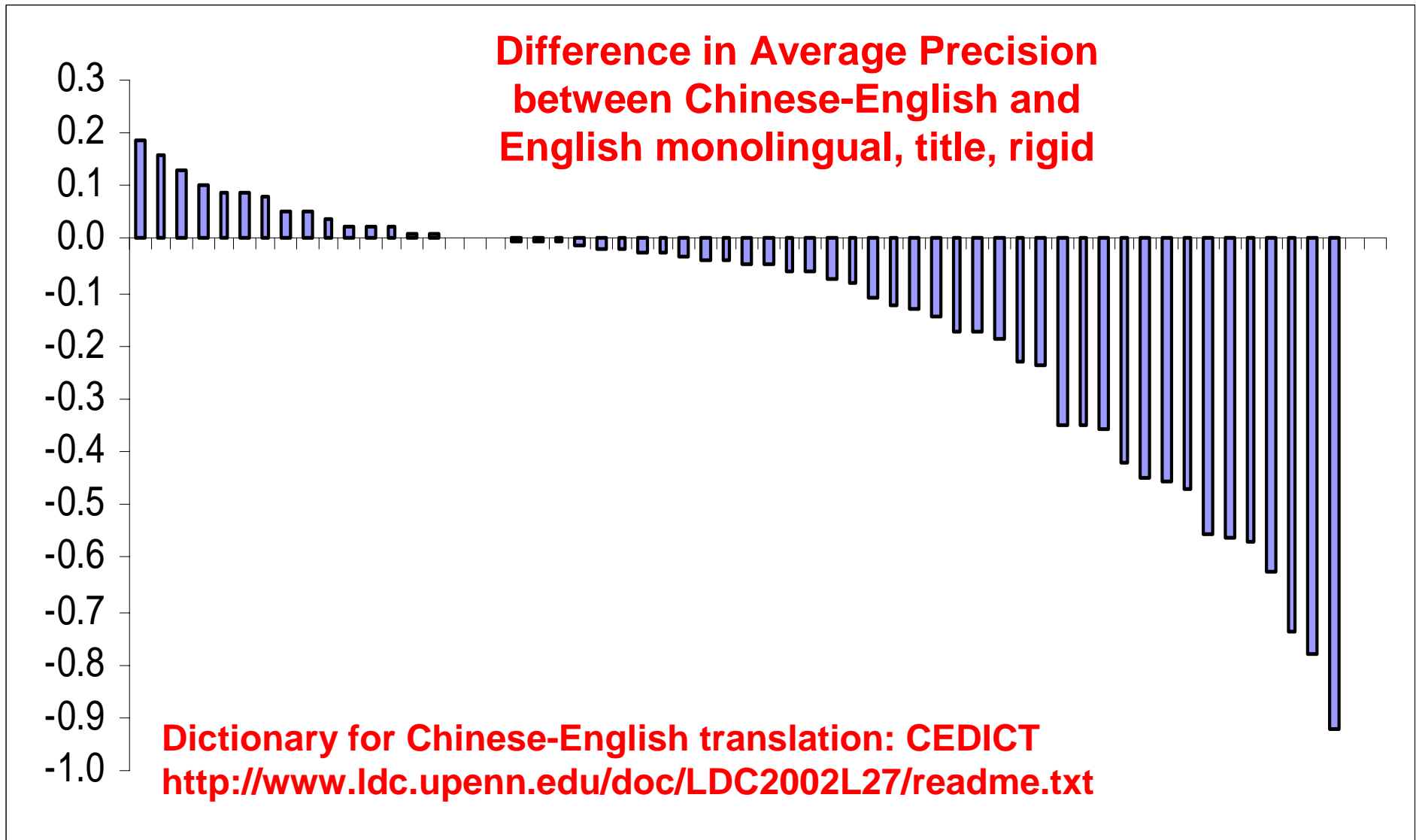


Japanese–English: Error Analysis

- **Missing translations of proper nouns**
 - Topic 10: 胡錦濤(Hu JinTao)
 - Topic 22: 起亜(Kia)
- **Missing multi-word terms because of stop words**
 - Topic 20: 西曆2000年問題(Y2K problem)
 - ⇒ 西曆(A.D.), 2000 (問題 is a stop word)
- **Improper low distribution translations**
 - Topic 37: 対応(correspondence)
 - ⇒ "対応" has many translations and they contain improper and low distribution word, such as "pentagon".
- **Using only noun phrases in retrieval**
 - Topic 43: デリバティブ(derivative)
 - ⇒ "derivative" is parsed as an adjective, so it isn't used in retrieval.
- **Insufficient tuning of weighting and scoring algorithms. The higher the number of expansion terms, the more influential they become.**



Chinese-English Performance





Chinese–English: Error Analysis

- **Improper segmentation of words**

Topic 43: 衍生性商品 (derivative)

⇒ 衍生 (derivative) 性 (sex) 商品 (commodity)

- **Improper segmentation of names**

Topic 2: 约翰走路 (Jonnie Walker)

⇒ 约 (partake) 翰 (pen) 走 (walk) 路 (path)

Topic 4: 佛罗伦斯·葛瑞菲丝·乔纳，花蝴蝶

(Florence Griffith Joyner, FloJo)

⇒ 佛 (buddha) 罗 (surname) 伦 (human relationship) 葛 (coarse grass linen) 瑞 (auspicious) 菲 (Philippines) 丝 (silk) 乔 (tall) 纳 (pay) 花 (blossom) 蝴蝶 (butterfly)

Topic 8: 威而钢 (Viagra) → 威 (power) 钢 (steel)

Topic 10: 胡锦涛 (Hu Jintao) → 胡 (beard) 锦 (bright) 涛 (big wave)

Topic 12: 黑泽明 (Akira Kurosawa) → 黑 (black) 泽 (beneficence) 明 (bright)

- **Absence of disambiguation causes unbalanced translations**



Summary

- **Our systems have demonstrated stable and good performance for English and Japanese monolingual IR.**
- **Chinese word segmentation and lexicon coverage need improvement for better performance.**
- **Missing translation of proper names and terminology is still a big problem in CLIR.**
- **Our ongoing work focuses on automatic name translation and transliteration (Qu, Grefenstette, Evans 2003; Qu & Grefenstette 2004)**



The End