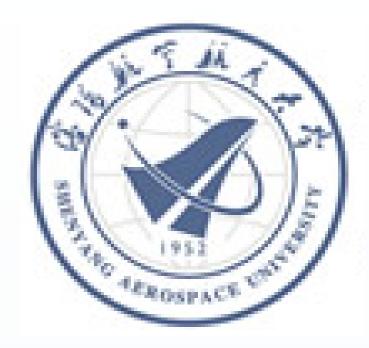
NTCIR KECIR at the NTCIR-10 INTENT Task



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ABSTRACT

This paper describes the approaches and results of our system for the NTCIR-10 INTENT task. We present some methods for Subtopic Mining subtask and Document Ranking subtask. In the Subtopic Mining subtask, we employ a voting method to rank candidate subtopics and semantic resource HowNet was used to merge those candidate subtopics which may impact diversity. In the Document Ranking Subtask, we also employ a voting method based on the mined subtopics. In the Chinese subtopic mining, our best values of I-rec@10, D-nDCG@10 and D#-nDCG@10 were separately 0.3743, 0.3965 and 0.3854. In the Document Ranking subtask, they were separately 0.6366, 0.3998 and 0.5182.

Experimental Results

RunID	Description	D# -nDCG
KECIR-S-C-1B	The baseline method, use FSM Algorithm to get subtopics.	0.3570
KECIR-S-C-2B	Base on KECIR-S-C-1B, use the	0.3854

Subtopic Mining

Assumption

- a) A subtopic should be the most frequent sequence which contains the key words vector of original query.
- b) The more a frequent sequence contains others the less likely it is to be selected as a subtopic. And on the contrary, the more a frequent sequence is contained in others the more likely it is to be selected as a subtopic.

Modeling

Candidates Subtopics Mining

KECIR-S-C-3BBase on KECIR-S-C-1B, employ the
second method in section 2.20.3116KECIR-S-C-4BBase on KECIR-S-C-1B, use the
third method in section 2.20.3001

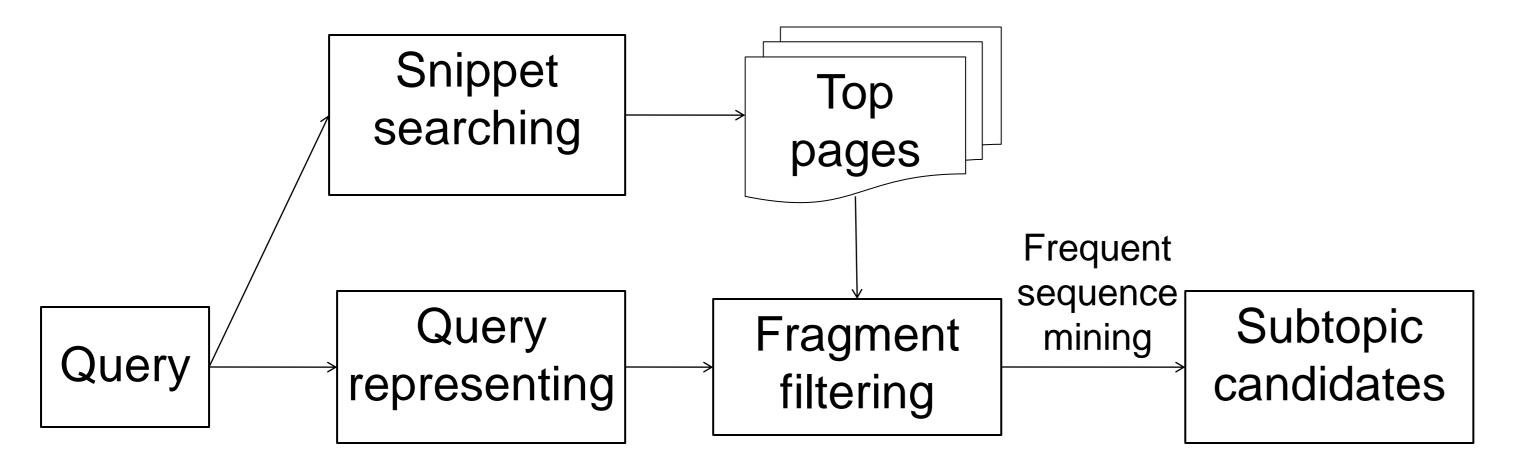
Document Ranking

Score Documents Directly
✓ Just considering the coverage of subtopics in documents.

 Considering the coverage and the position of subtopics

$$Score(document) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} Score(subtopic_{i})$$
$$Score(subtopic_{i}) = \frac{\sum subtopic_{T}}{Pos(subtopic_{i})}$$

where subtopic; is the subtopic the document contains, and Score(subtopic;) is the score the subtopic; gets. \sum subtopicT is the sum of subtopics that topic T owns, and Pos(subtopic;) is the position of subtopic i in the topic T ranking list.

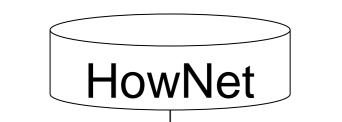


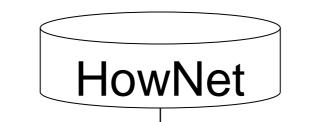
- Subtopics Clustering and Ranking
- ✓ Semantic similarity

$$Sim(phrase_a, phrase_b) = \frac{1}{n_a \times n_b} \sum_{i=1}^{n_a} \sum_{j=1}^{n_b} Similarity(c_i^a, c_j^b)$$

✓ Merging based on the DEF

In this method , we cluster and rank the subtopics based on finding the same DEF in HowNet of the representative words . **Voting**





>Map Back to Snippets

✓ If one document snippet contains a subtopic, the document will get a vote.
 ✓ Based on the above method, we add the location information of the subtopics. The Score(snippet-document)is defined as:

$$Score(snippet-document) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{2^{score(subtople_i)}}{\log_2(1+i)}$$

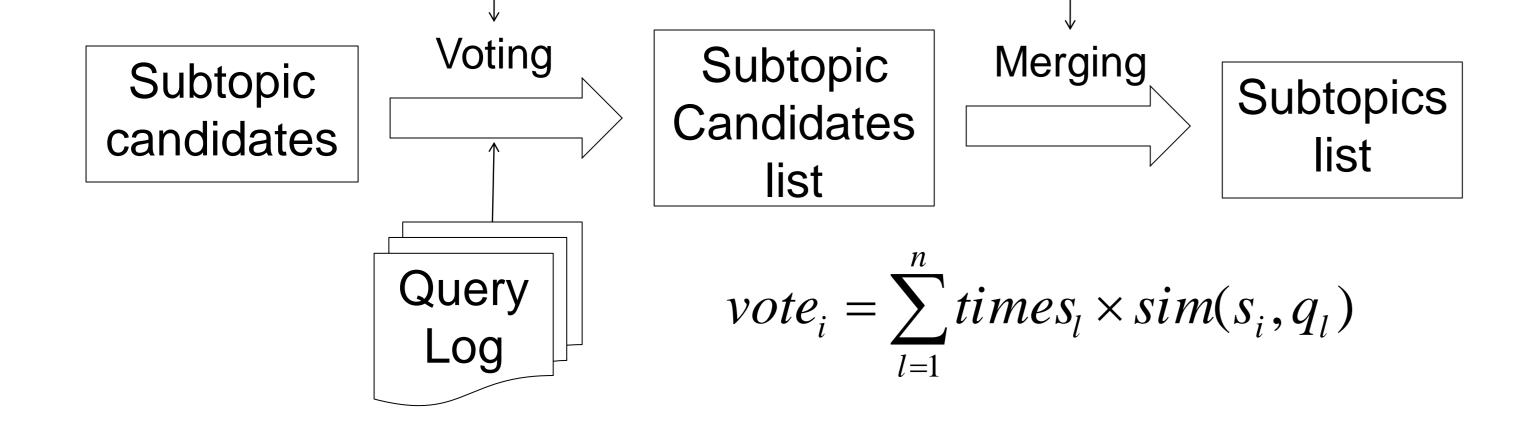
where n refers the subtopic numbers of the snippet contains, and score(subtopici) is the subtopici original score in the ranking list.

Experimental Results

RunID

Description





where times_i refers to the frequency of query_i in log file; sim(s_i; q_i) is the similarity between subtopic_i and query_i, here we use semantic resource HowNet to compute semantic similarity.

KECIR-D-C-1B	Based on the baseline result and appearances of subtopics in the snippets.	0.5005
KECIR-D-C-2B	Based on the similarity result and appearances of subtopics in the htmls.	0.3938
KECIR-D-C-3B	Based on the similarity result and appearances of subtopics in the snippets.	0.5182
KECIR-D-C-4B	Based on the query log result and appearances of subtopics in the snippets.	0.5005
KECIR-D-C-5B	Based on the query log and HowNet results, also cumulative gain of subtopics in the snippets.	0.4942