

Gunma University, Kiryu University, and RMIT University at the NTCIR-11 Cooking Recipe Search Task

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Introduction

- Find a few popular recipes → web search
- Satisfy information needs for cooking in realistic situation → unexpectedly hard



Problem definitions

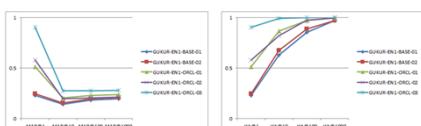
- Vocabulary mismatches.
 - Query words and the food names in recipes.
 - Query expansion with various numbers of dish/ingredient names in answer recipes.
- Negating words in search queries.
 - Unwanted ingredients or preparation steps.
 - Presence/absence of negating query words.

Evaluation criteria

- Experimental framework for our evaluation.
 - Indri Search Engine ver. 5.7 (default settings)
 - Dirichlet LM ranking function, no-stemming, and no-stopping.
 - MeCab (ver. 0.996) with IPADIC (ver. 2.7.0) for Japanese search.
- Various evaluation values with NTCIREVAL.
 - MAP, MRR, MSnDCG, nDCG, ERR, RBP, NCU, P@k, Hit@K.
 - Official evaluation values for the task.

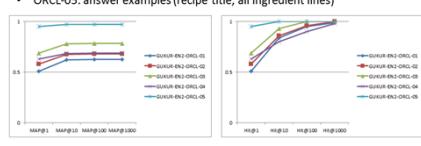
Experimental results (EN1)

- BASE-01: queries (all terms)
- BASE-02: queries (dropping negation terms)
- ORCL-01: queries and answer examples (recipe title)
- ORCL-02: queries and answer examples (recipe title, top ingredient lines)
- ORCL-03: queries and answer examples (recipe title, all ingredient lines)



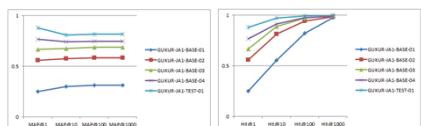
Experimental results (EN2)

- ORCL-01: answer examples (recipe title)
- ORCL-02: answer examples (recipe title, three attributes) [side, salad, or dessert]
- ORCL-03: answer examples (recipe title, all attributes) [side, salad, dessert, seasons, cuisine styles, etc.]
- ORCL-04: answer examples (recipe title, top ingredient lines)
- ORCL-05: answer examples (recipe title, all ingredient lines)



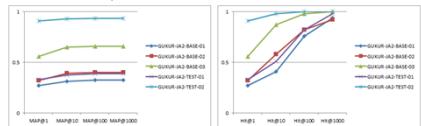
Experimental results (JA1)

- BASE-01: queries (dish name)
- BASE-02: queries (dish name, ingredient lines)
- BASE-03: queries (dish name, negation/explanation conditions)
- BASE-04: queries (all) [conditions for recipe titles, ingredient lines, negation/explanation]
- TEST-01: answer examples (all) and a hand-made dictionary.



Experimental results (JA2)

- BASE-01: side-dish information in queries (dish name)
- BASE-02: side-dish information in queries (ingredient lines)
- BASE-03: side-dish information (dish name, ingredient lines)
- TEST-01: answer examples (dish name, top ingredient names) and a hand-made dictionary
- TEST-02: answer examples (dish name, all ingredient names) and a hand-made dictionary



A study of food synonyms

- Question: Food synonyms are the same or different among different search users?
- 769 pairs of synonyms from Japanese subtasks



Synonym pairs:

No.1	cocoa	hot chocolate
No.2	capsicum	bell pepper
No.3	nappa cabbage	Chinese leaves

- Two assessors assigned labels:
T (the same meaning) or F (different meanings).

Assessor-X:

cocoa	hot chocolate	T
capsicum	bell pepper	T
nappa cabbage	Chinese leaves	T

Assessor-Y:

cocoa	hot chocolate	T
capsicum	bell pepper	T
nappa cabbage	Chinese leaves	F

A study of recipe similarity

- Question: Similar recipes are the same or different among different search users?
- Candidate similar recipes were collected using answer examples for Japanese ad hoc search.
- 236 pairs of potential similar recipes.
- Five student assessors gave relevance labels: T for "similar", or F for "not similar".
(NOTE: Similarity assessments were on a subjective basis.)
- Each of the potential similar pairs was judged by two assessors.

A study of food synonyms (cont.)

- Assessor-X disagreed with Task Organizer in 13 cases.
(NOTE: Assessor-X enjoyed cooking as a hobby.)
- Assessor-Y disagreed with Task Organizer in 77 cases.
(NOTE: Assessor-Y specialized in nutrition.)
- If the synonymous words require semantic interpretation according to the word context in recipes, inter-rater disagreements are more likely.

Task Organizer	Assessor-X	Assessor-Y	# pairs
T	T	T	688
T	T	F	68
T	F	T	4
T	F	F	9
total			769

A study of recipe similarity (cont.)

- Student-4 and Student-5 had advanced cooking knowledge.
- They completed a survey about all of the assessment data and recognized that their assessments were different from those of the other students.
- Similarity of cooking recipes can differ from person to person.
- Frequency and preferences of cooking may be important factors that affect recipe similarity.

	S-1	S-2	S-3	S-4	S-5	Assessors	Kappa	p-value
#T	108	55	39	36	28			
#F	40	31	47	50	34	S-1 and S-5	0.572	p<0.0001
#total	148	86	86	86	62	S-1 and S-2	0.475	p<0.0001
Pct. T	73%	64%	45%	41%	45%	S-3 and S-4	0.362	p=0.0008
Pct. F	27%	36%	55%	59%	55%			

Conclusions

- Comparison of the submitted runs.
- Query expansion using synonymous words is effective for the recipe search task.
 - Maintaining a synonymous food name list by human assessors is too costly.
 - Building a dictionary of synonymous food name is not feasible in an automated way.
- Future work: a side dish suggestion for a given main dish.