UT Dialogue System at NTCIR-12 STC

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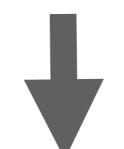
Background

In data-driven approaches for chat-dialogue modeling, the diversity of **domains** (topics, speaking styles, emotions..) makes it difficult to learn



Related work

Classify training data by **several emotion types** each response elicits and train multiple models [Hasegawa+, '13]



But it is impossible to enumerate all domains in human dialogues by hand

Our approach

Cluster conversation data to **automatically** capture the difference of domains and train specific models



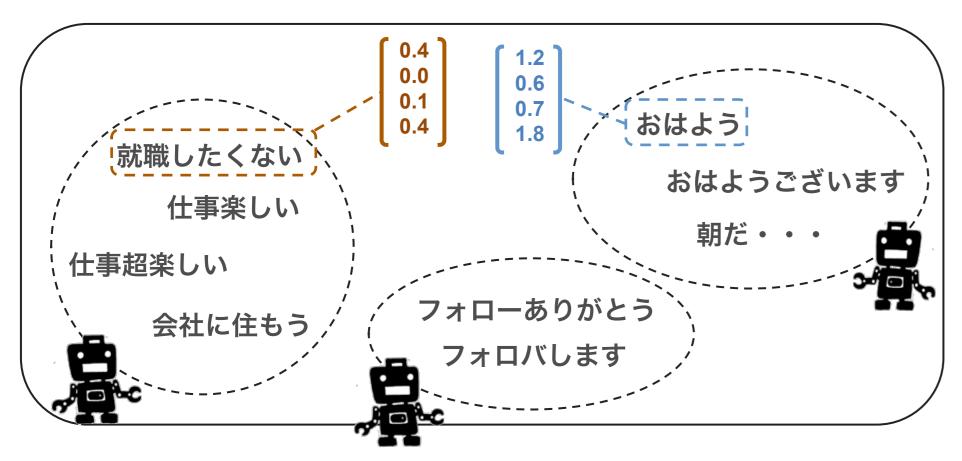
Domain-consistent responses



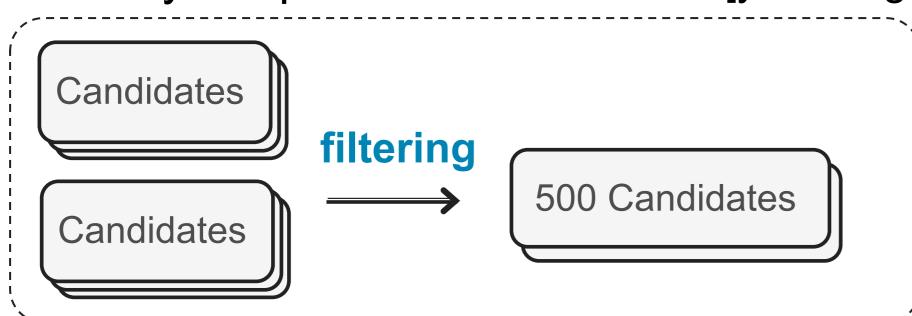
Smaller size of the training data per a model

Proposed Method

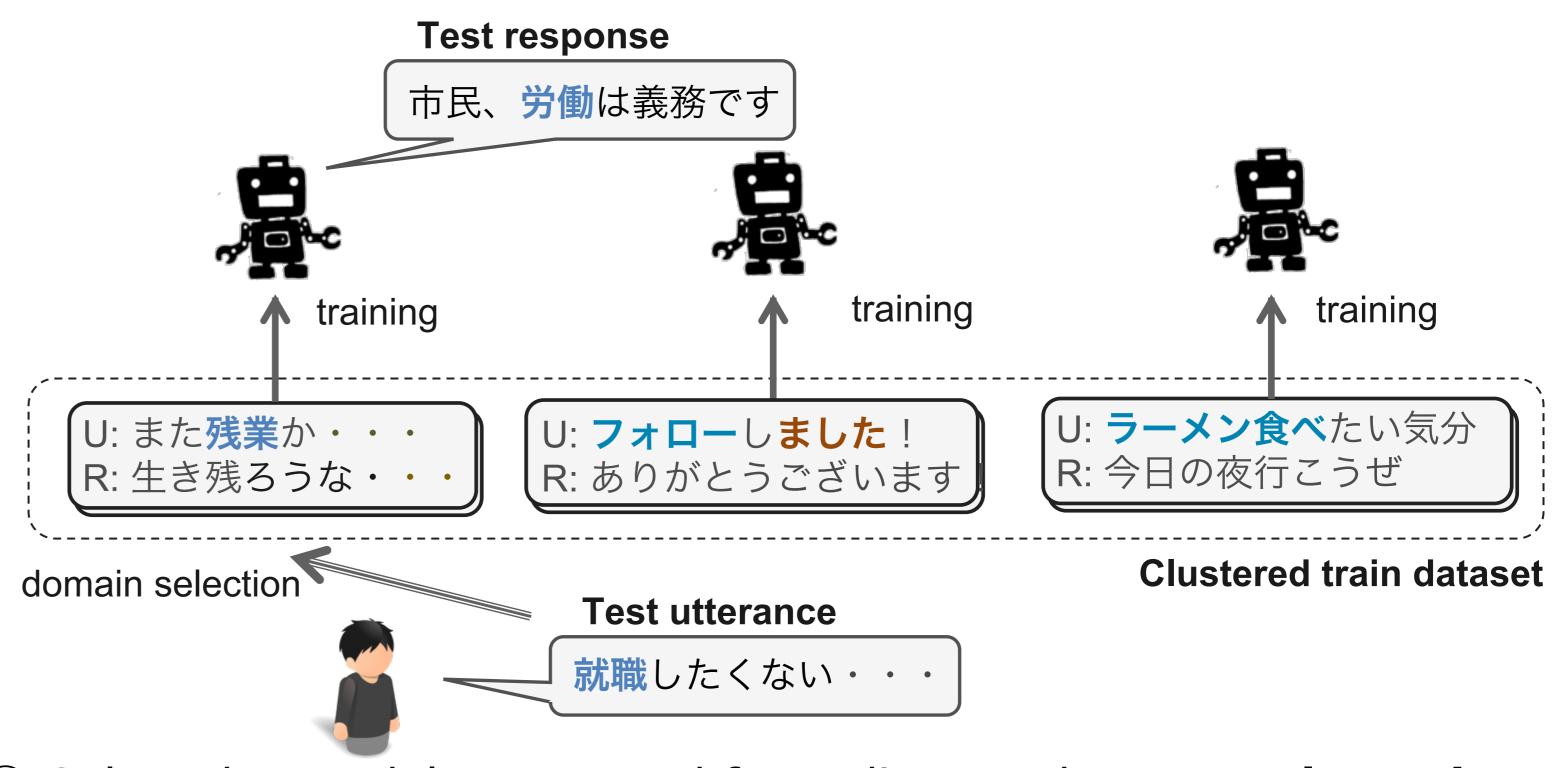
1 Apply k-means clustering to the utterance vectors and regard clusters as subsets of the training data



2 Narrow the number of the candidates to reduce computation by the pre-trained classifier [yoshinaga+, '10]



3 Train multiple LSTM-based dialogue models by each domainspecific training data subset



4 Select the model to respond from distance between **cluster's centroids and the utterance vector** and response from candidates

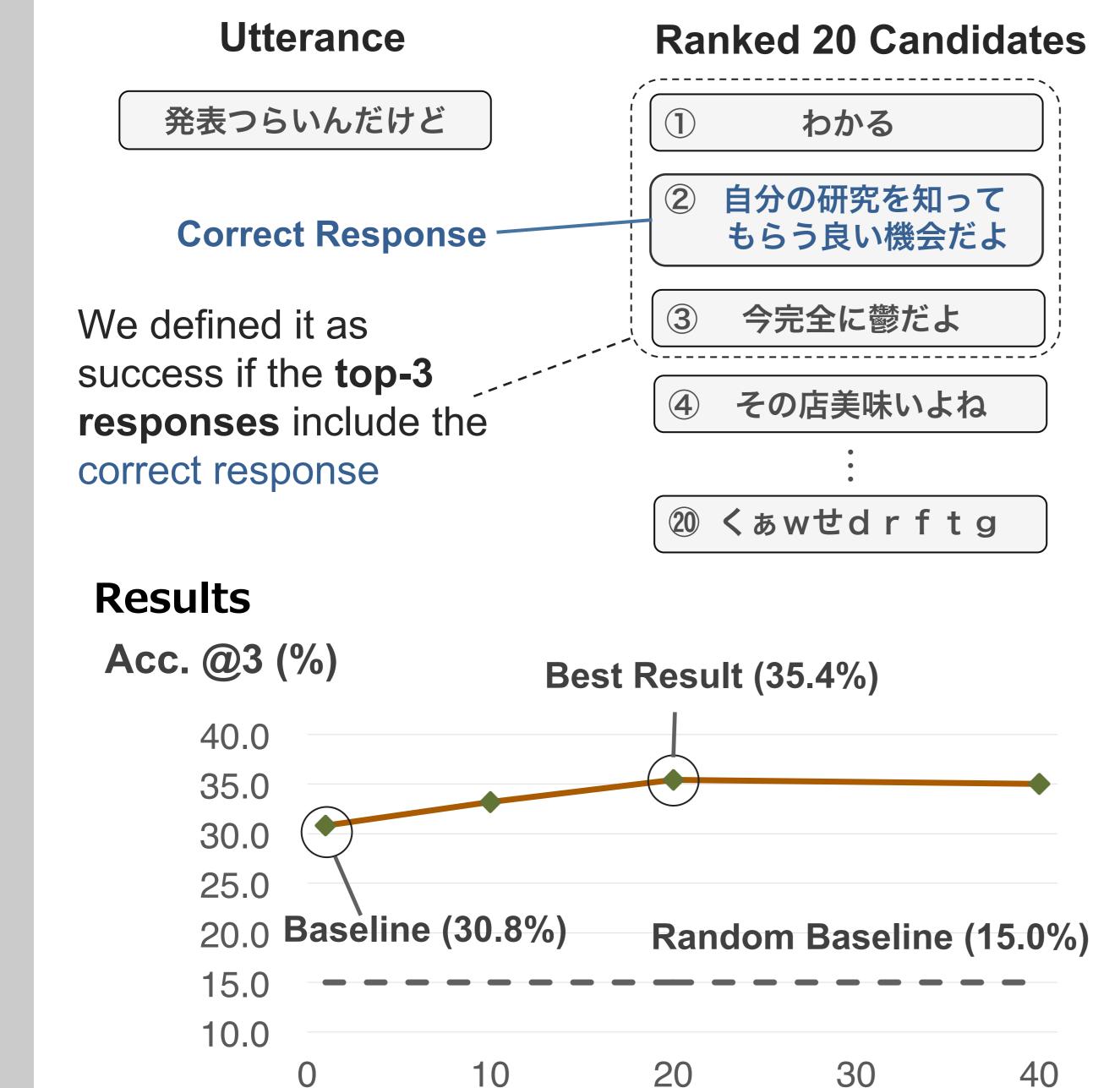
Experiments

• Effectiveness of clustering

Data

100K (tweet-reply) pairs for train, 1K for test

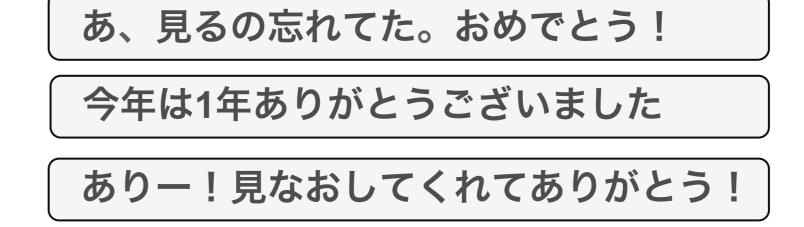
Evaluation method



Number of clusters

Difference between baseline and proposed method

Utterance
Baseline
Proposed



Our method less frequently select typical responses by extracting them as other domains

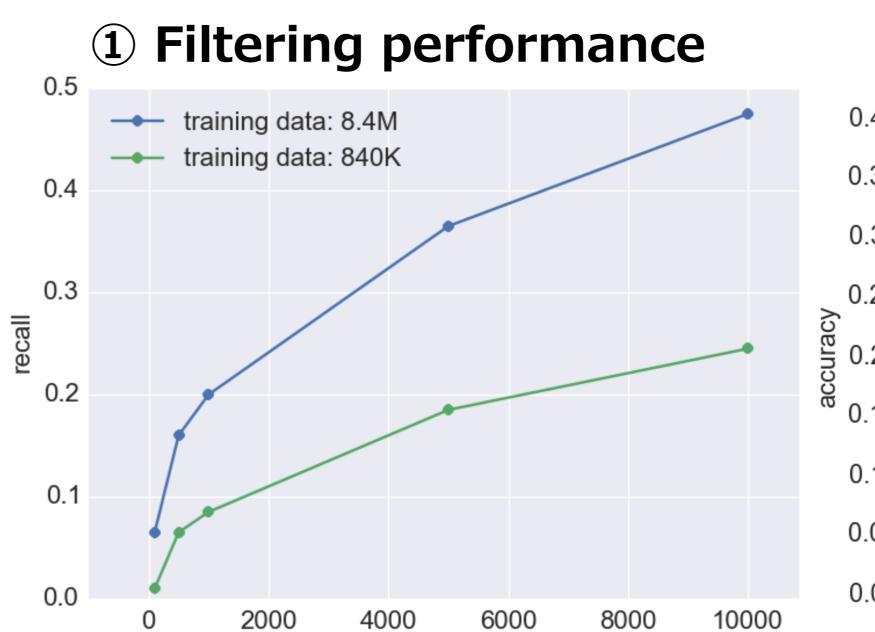
•NTCIR-12 STC formal-run

Evaluation

- 1 Evaluate filters trained on different size of training data, by recall whether **top-N** filtered candidates including the correct response
- ② Selected responses are assigned score of 0 (inappropriate),
- 1 (appropriate in some context), and 2 (appropriate) by human, and evaluated the proportion of 1 and 2, or only 2 for the top-1 or top-5 selected responses.

R1: Responses selected by our system from filtered candidates

R2: Responses only pre-filtered



N (number of selected responses from 420k candidates)

