

MPII at the NTCIR-14 WWW-2 Task

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Motivation

Opportunity to evaluate NIR model (participating in pool)

- Previously evaluated on TREC Web Track 09-14 (WSDM '18, EMNLP '17)
- With long queries (TREC description)
- Re-ranking results from unsupervised model

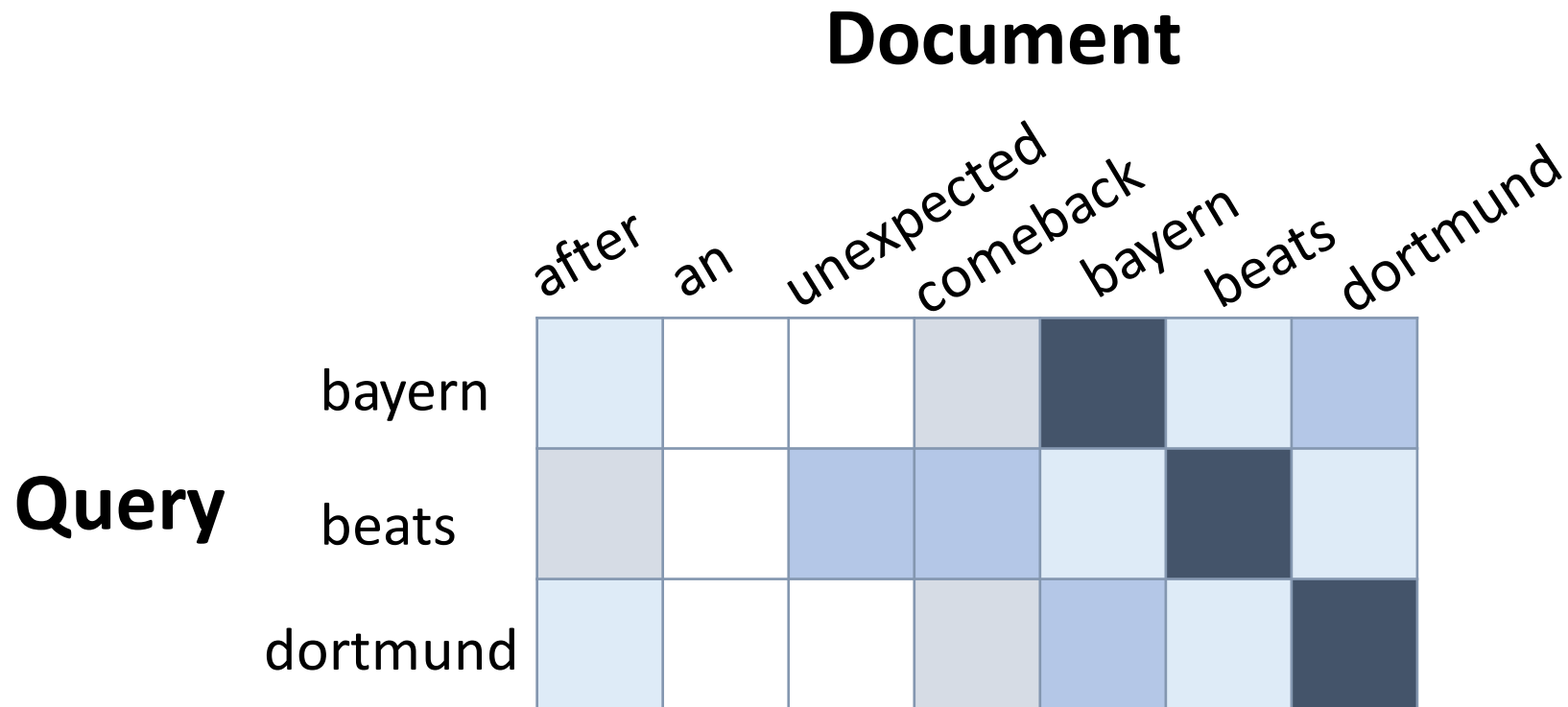
Significant improvement with a strong signal from WSDM '18?

How does it compare to BM25 with short queries (& pool)?

Outline

- Model summary (PACRR & Co-PACRR)
- Parameters varied
- Experimental setup
- Results

Input Representation

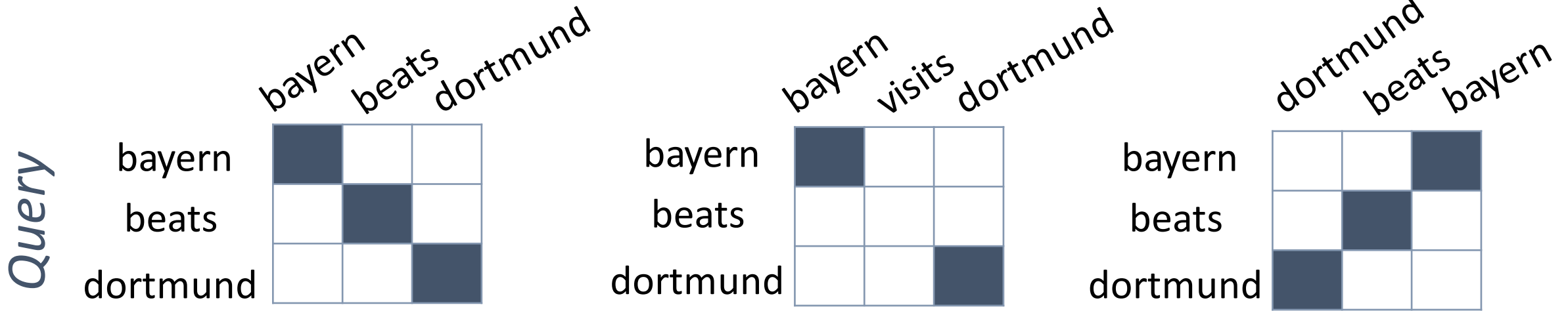


Query-document similarity matrix

- word2vec similarity
- One matrix for each document

Using Positional Information

Document window



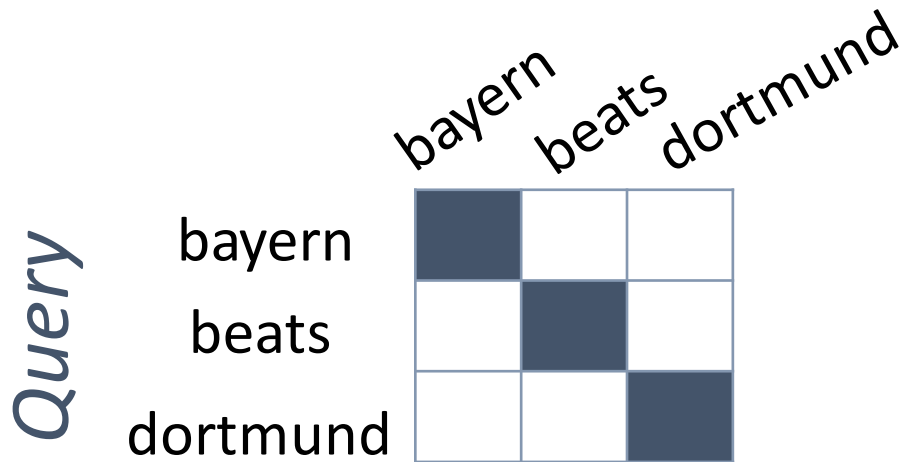
Match patterns (Convolutional kernels)

PACRR: A Position-Aware Neural IR Model for Relevance Matching.

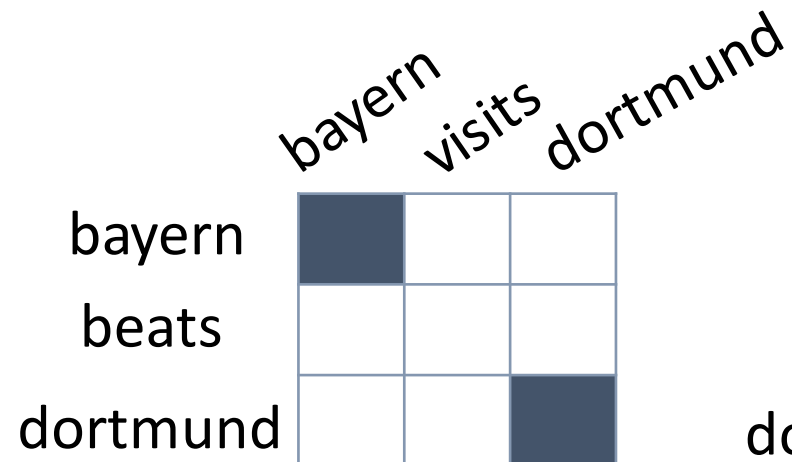
K Hui, A Yates, K Berberich, G de Melo. In: EMNLP '17.

Using Positional Information

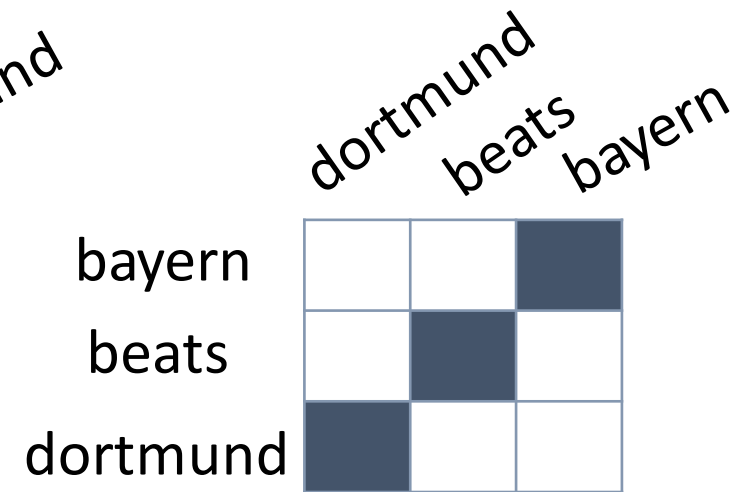
Document window



Ordered match



Partial match

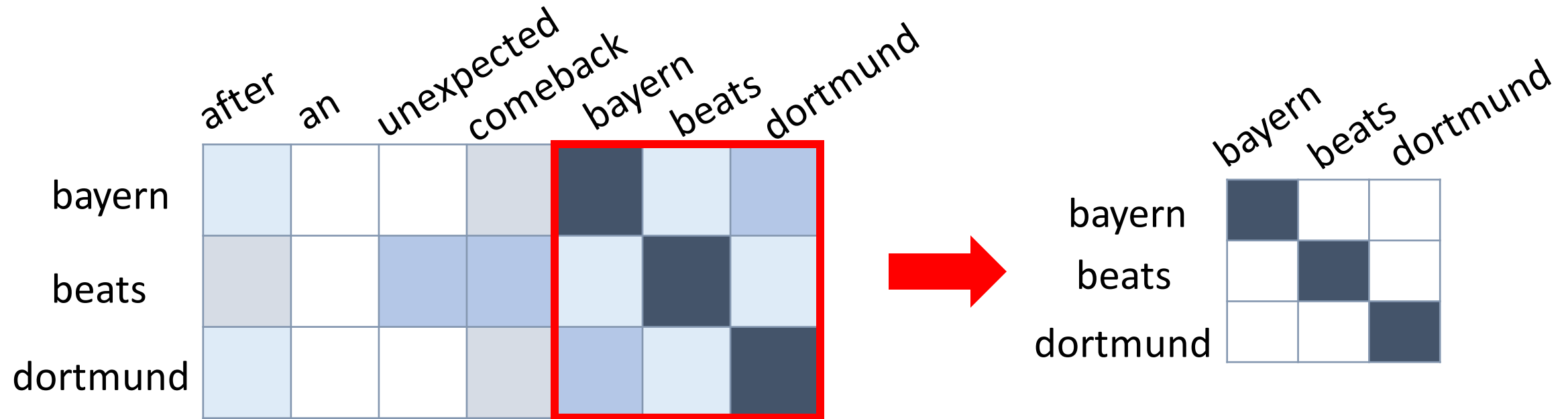


Reversed ordered match

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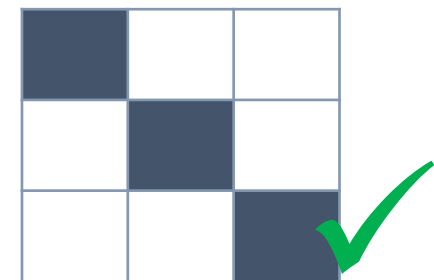
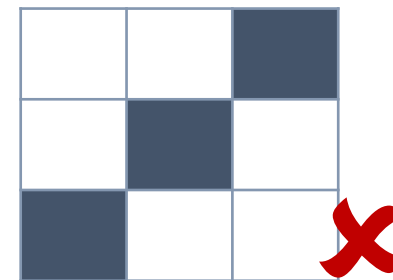
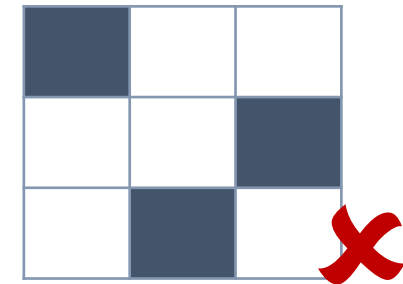
Matches are local: consider $N \times N$ regions of the matrix

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K Hui, A Yates, K Berberich, G de Melo. In: EMNLP '17.

Using Positional Information

	after	an	unexpected	comeback	bayern	beats	dortmund
bayern							
beats							
dortmund							

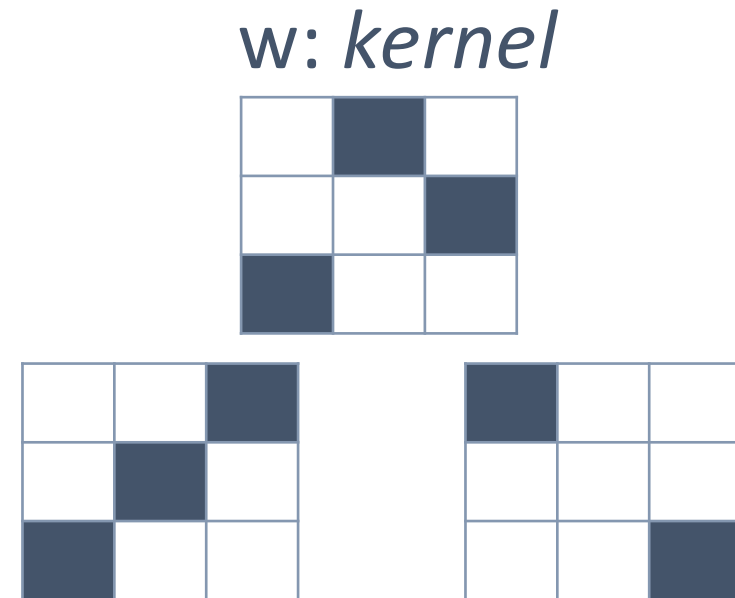
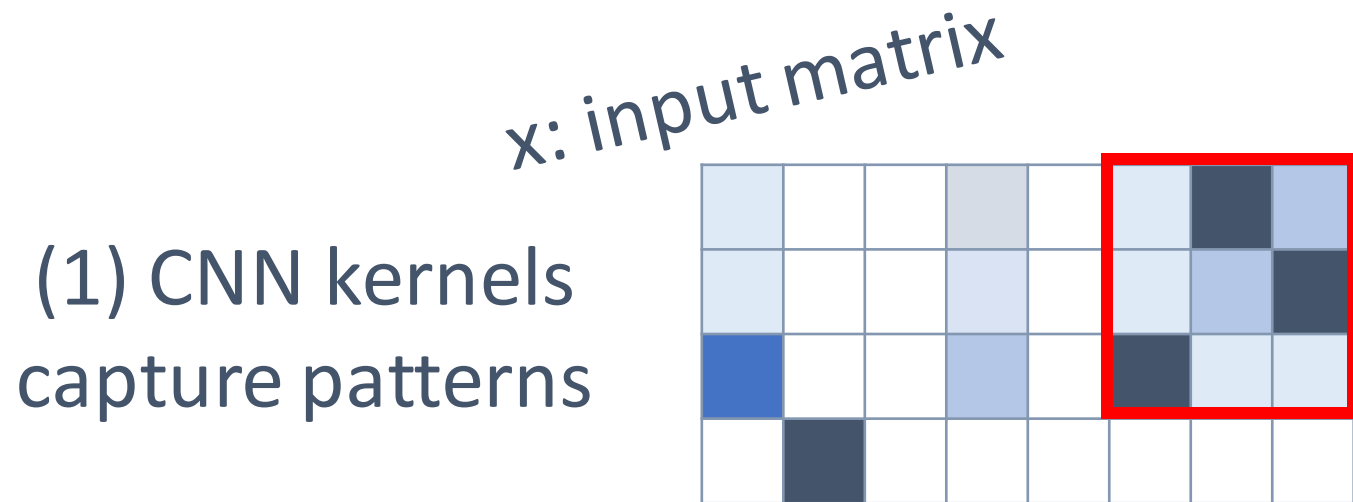


Patterns are exclusive: each region is best matched by a single pattern

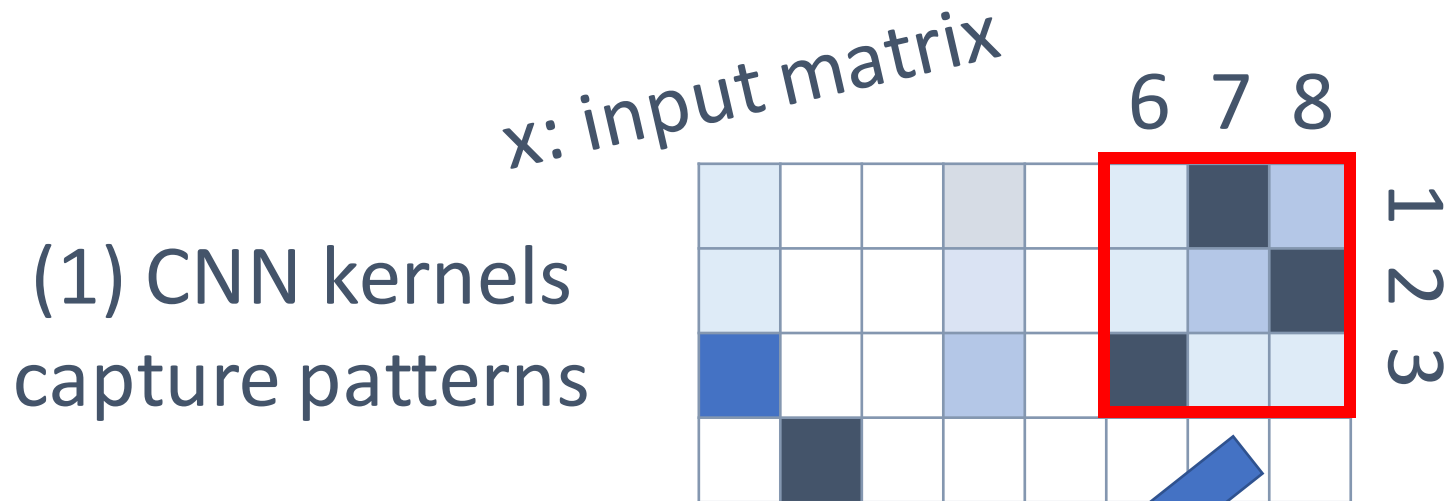
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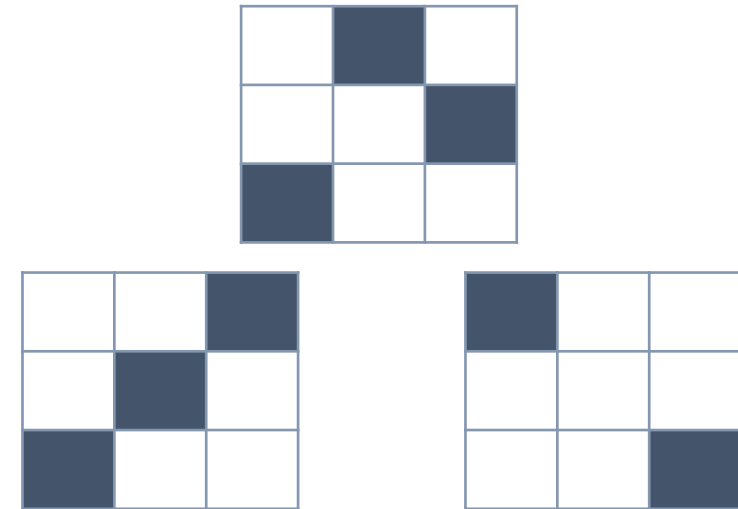
PACRR: Position-Aware Convolutional Recurrent Relevance Matching



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w: kernel



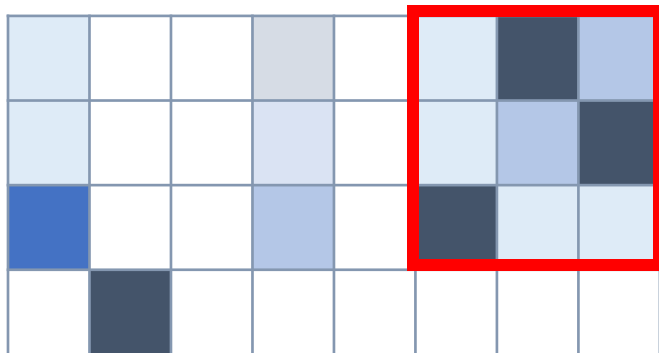
Signal for this region:

$$W_{1,1} X_{1,6} + W_{1,2} X_{1,7} + W_{1,3} X_{1,8} + \dots + W_{2,1} X_{2,6} + \dots + W_{3,3} X_{3,8}$$

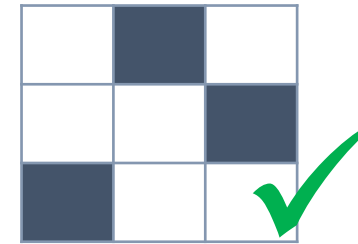
PACRR: Position-Aware Convolutional Recurrent Relevance Matching

(1) CNN kernels
capture patterns

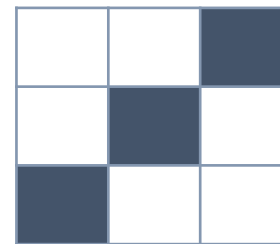
(2) Max pool
kernels



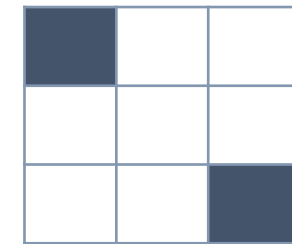
Best-matching pattern



Signal: 1.0



Signal: 0.3



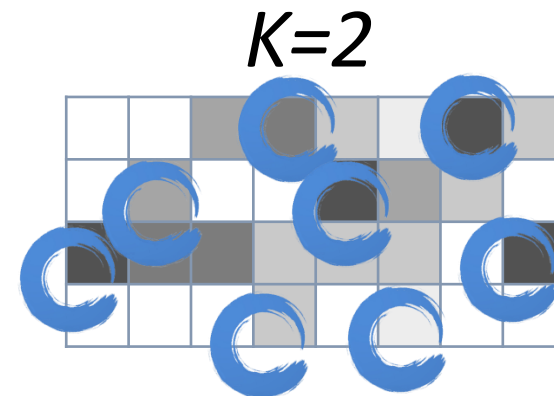
Signal: 0

PACRR: Position-Aware Convolutional Recurrent Relevance Matching

(1) CNN kernels
capture patterns

(2) Max pool
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(3) K-max pool query
signals from doc regions



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For each query term, we now have:

- K-max match signals for unigrams
- K-max match signals for bigrams
- ...
- K-max match signals for n-grams

PACRR: Position-Aware Convolutional Recurrent Relevance Matching

(1) CNN kernels
capture patterns

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kernels

(3) K-max pool query
signals from doc regions

(4) Combination function (FC layers)
produce a score for each query term

(5) Document score is the summation
[Steps 4 & 5 differ from original papers]

PACRR: Position-Aware Recurrent Relevance

Related to MatchPyramid, but
e.g., different pooling strategies

A Study of MatchPyramid Models on Ad-hoc Retrieval. L. Pang,
Y. Lan, J. Guo, J. Xu, Z. Cheng. Neu-IR '16 SIGIR Workshop.

(1) CNN kernels
capture patterns

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kernels

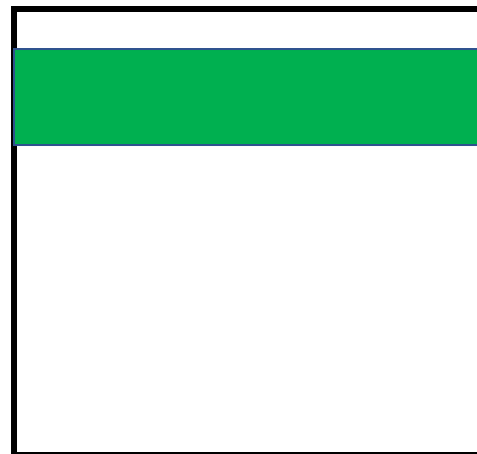
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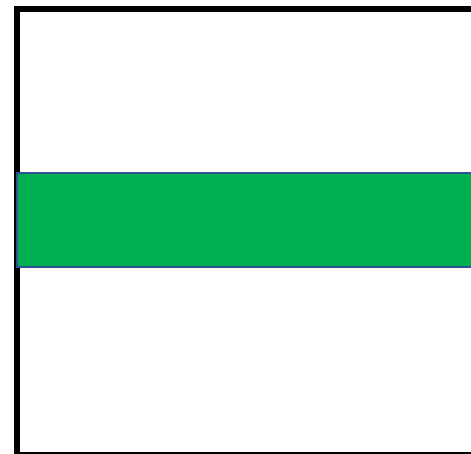
Variant: Cascade Pooling

- Inspired by cascade model
An experimental comparison of click position-bias models. Craswell et al. WSDM '08.
- Prefer document with earlier relevant information
- One of several improvements in Co-PACRR (WSDM '18)



Document A

>



Document B

Variant: Cascade Pooling

For each query term, PACRR retains top k match signals

- Cascade Pooling: repeat for different document cutoffs
- Top k signals from the first 50% of the document
- Top k signals from the entire document

Query term FC receives match signals from different cutoffs

Parameters Varied

1. Cascade pooling used? (3 with, 2 without)
2. Size of k -max pooling (top 5 vs. 15)
3. Size of fully connected layers that score query term (2x8 or 1)

Experimental Setup

- Train on TREC WT09-13 judgments
- WT14 and WWW-1 used for validation
- Using best weights on WWW-1 (after sanity checking on WT14), re-rank BM25 run provided by organizers

Results & Conclusion

- No significant improvement between any pair of runs
- No significant improvement over BM25
- Given past results, $\text{minD} \geq 0.1$ seems large

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Recent work building on PACRR (and other NIR models):

CEDR: Contextualized Embeddings for Document Ranking.

S. MacAvaney, A. Yates, A. Cohan, N. Goharian. SIGIR '19.

Thanks!