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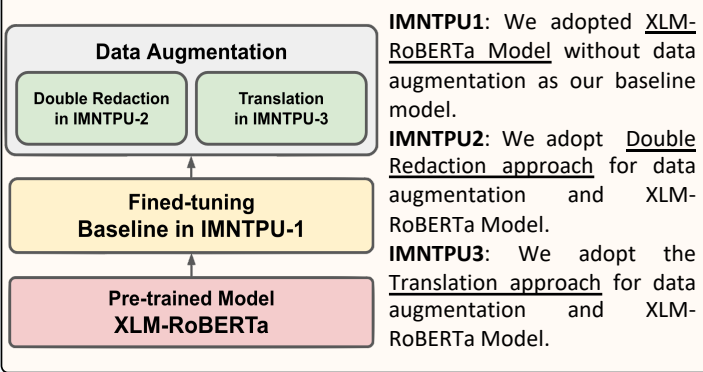
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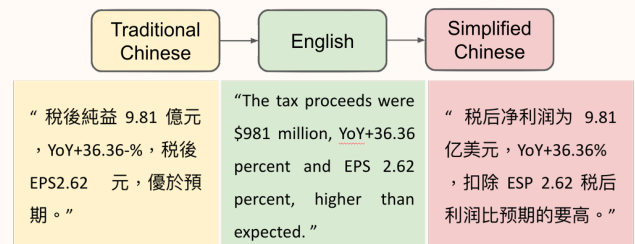
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This paper provides a detailed description of IMNTPU team at the NTCIR-16 FinNum-3 shared task in formal financial documents. We proposed the use of the XLM-RoBERTa-based model with two different approaches on data augmentation to perform the binary classification task in FinNum-3. The first run (i.e., IMNTPU-1) is our baseline through the fine-tuning of the XLM-RoBERTa without data augmentation. However, we assume that presenting different data augmentations may improve the task performance because of the imbalance in the dataset. Accordingly, we presented double redaction and translation method on data augmentation in the second (IMNTPU-2) and third (IMNTPU-3) runs, respectively. The best macro-F1 scores obtained by our team in the Chinese and English datasets are 93.18% and 89.86%, respectively. The major contribution in this study provide a new understanding toward data augmentation approach for the imbalanced dataset, which may help reduce the imbalanced situation in the Chinese and English datasets.

Research Architecture and Proposed Method



Translation Approach



Tokenization Tricks

Input: Good day and welcome to the Apple Inc. Third Quarter Fiscal Year 2018 Earnings Conference Call. Today's call is being recorded.

XLM-RoBERTa ↓ Tokenizer

Output: <s> Good day and welcome to the Apple Inc. Third Quarter Fiscal Year xxnum 2018 Earnings Conference Call. Today's call is being recorded. </s>

Double ↓ Redaction

Output: <s> <mask> Good day and <mask> to the Apple <mask> Third Quarter Fiscal Year xxnum 2018 Earnings Conference Call. Today's call is <mask> recorded. </s>

Algorithm of Double Redaction

- 1: Shuffle the tokens in sentence
- 2: Delete the duplicated tokens in sentence
- 3: Copy the remaining tokens as β
- 4: SET the δ and γ
- 5: **for** specific token in β **do**
- 6: **if** γ less than δ **then**
- 7: Replace original token with <usk> token
- 8: **else**
- 9: Cover original token as <mask> token
- 10: **end if**
- 11: **end for**
- 12: **while** True **do**
- 13: Model predict the original token of <usk> and <mask>
- 14: **end while**

Performance

Run	Chinese Dataset		English Dataset	
	Dev Set F1-Score (%)	Test Set F1-Score (%)	Dev Set F1-Score (%)	Test Set F1-Score (%)
IMNTPU1	90.51	93.18	87.13	88.39
IMNTPU2	88.65	91.64	88.82	89.86
IMNTPU3	92.16	91.64	-	-

Conclusions and Contribution

Conclusions:

The performance with data augmentation method (Double Redaction) in English dataset is superior than without data augmentation.

Contribution:

- The major contribution of the research is that data augmentation approach may help reduce imbalanced situation.
- We have developed a novel method for data augmentation technique, which is double redaction and translation approach, and can decrease the issue of imbalanced dataset.

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