KitAi-VAL: Textual Entailment Recognition System for NTCIR-11 RITE-VAL Poster ID - RITE08

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Task and basic idea

SV task: Methods based on an extended system of RITE2 for some linguistic phenomena FV task: One search log method and Two summarization method using our RITE2 system

KitAi on RITE2

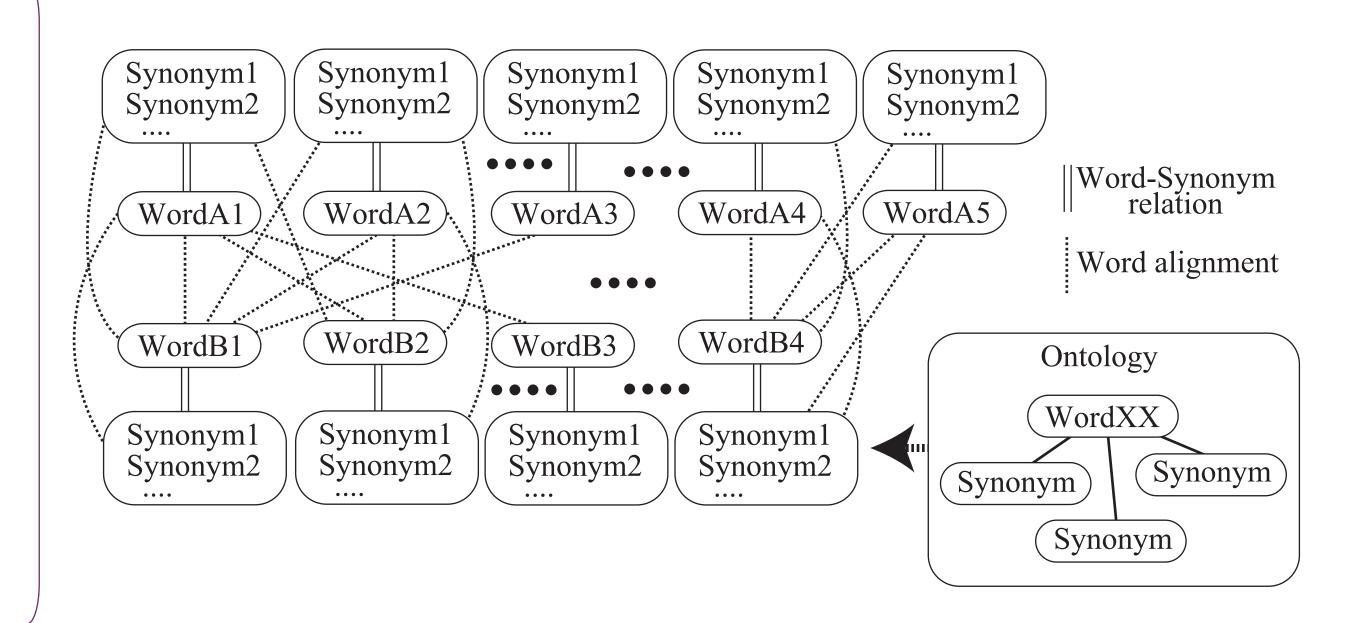
Correspondence features

- Word overlap and edit distance between t1 and t2
- Expansion with ontologies; Japanese WordNet and Nihongo-Goi-Taikei

Machine Learning: SVMs, C4.5, etc.

Voting method for the final answer

$$Score = \frac{\alpha \times SVM + \beta \times Logistic + \gamma \times C4.5}{3}$$



SV task: Classifier for some linguistic phenomena

Add features

- 5 pattern-based features (binary)
 - * e.g., The pattern "X1 to yobu" exists in a sentence t1 or t2 and the pattern "X1 toha ... koto wo iu" or "X1 toha ... de aru" exists in the other sentence. (X1と呼ぶ vs. X1とは…である)
- 5 linguistic phenomenon features (binary)
 - * e.g., Case-ga of t1 (or t2) matches Case-wo t2 (or t1)

Add classifiers

- Focusing on 9 majority categories in the unit-test task
- * (1) case_alternation, (2) scrambling, (3) synonymy phrase, (4) modifier, (5) entailment phrase, (6) coreference, (7) clause, (8) relative_clause and (9) implicit_relation.
- Classifiers are generate for each category, and they are combined with weights

Experimental result for RITE-2 data

Method	Accuracy
KitAi-RITE2	35.67
KitAi-VAL	38.01

The combined method outperformed the non-combined method.

FV task: Search log and summarization methods

Two strategies

- Search log method (MethodFV1)
 - * Only search log information; 47 features for SVM # of documents in each search result, # of documents retrieved with n-queries, the size of query words from t2, tfidf value in the retrieved documents, and so on.
- Summarization methods: Classification with KitAi by using an estimated t1
 - * One sentence extraction (MethodFV2)

A weighting method about each sentence and the previous and next sentences for personal name, location name, sahen(サ変)-noun, general noun, compound noun The method extracts one sentence containing the highest value in the textbook

- * Sentence combination (MethodFV3)
 - Step 1. 1st phrase extraction with weights: a phrase with many query words in a short range
 - Step 2. 2nd phrase extraction: the most non-similar phrase in the search result against the phrase in Step 1

Step 3. Combine them

Method	Macro-F1	Accuracy	CorrectAR	
MethodFV1	50.95	58.37	30.27	_
MethodFV2	56.37	57.59	19.02	
MethodFV3	54.65	57.00	28.23	_

MethodFV1: the best Accuracy and CorrectAR MethodFV2: the best F1 and poor CorrectAR

MethodFV3: better on average.